IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette

THE OFFICES OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are now situate IN HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 56,068.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of sailing 4-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1913				
27th Sept.	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000
4th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MOOLTAN ...	10000
18th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MOREA	11000
1st Nov.	MALOJA ...	12500	.....	...
8th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MARMORA ...	10500
15th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
22nd ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	10000
29th ,,	MANTUA ...	11000	.....	...
6th Dec.	ARCADIA ...	7000	MEDINA	12500
13th ,,	CALEDONIA ...	8000	.....	...
20th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
27th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
1914				
3rd Jan.	SALSETTE ...	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
10th ,,	DELTA	8000	.....	...
17th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000
24th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
31st ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MOOLTAN ...	10000
7th Feb.	MANTUA ...	11000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MOREA	11000
21st ,,	CALEDONIA ...	8000	.....	...
28th ,,	MALOJA	12500	.....	...
7th Mar.	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MARMORA ...	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA ...	10500	.....	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA ...	7000	.....	...
4th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
2nd May	CALEDONIA ...	8000	.....	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE, "A" rate.	"B" rate.	RETURN, "A" rate.	"B" rate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES,	594 or 495		891 or 742-8	
,, LONDON	627 or 522		940-8 or 792	

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM, Superintendent.

Bombay.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES

(JOINT SERVICE.)

SPRING SAILINGS, 1914.

TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about	Leave Karachi about
City of Poona A & O	7467	21st Jan.	...
City of Benares A & O.....	6372*	13th Feb.	10th Feb
City of Marseilles A & O...	8800*	23rd Feb.	21st Feb
City of Birmingham A&O.	7475*	12th Mar.	10th Mar
Trafford Hall A	5321	21st Mar.	...
City of Paris A & O.....	9200*	13th April	11th Apr
New Twin Screw Steamer A & O	9000	.....	22nd Apr
City of Lahore A & O	6875	.....	29th Apr
City of Marseilles A & O ..	8800*	27th May	25th May

* Calling at Bombay for passengers only

Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles..	653	1,091	439	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool..	..	999	..	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The fares advertised include Free passage by the B I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice versa.

Through booking in connection with Norddeutsche Lloyd and Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For sailings and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay: Messrs. Edward Bates & Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO., Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FROM NEW YORK BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTENDED TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers Tons Sailing Days Time Route via. Linga ...2,185 Friday 26th Sept. 1 6 a.m. direct. Lhasa ...2,184 Mon. 29th Sept. 11 a.m. * P.D.&C.M. Kaisra ...1,195 Thurs. 2nd Oct. 9 a.m. † C.M.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
† Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly.)

S.S. "Kaisra," 1,195 tons, on Thursday 2nd October, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS. (Weekly).

S.S. "Barala," 3,148 tons, on Tuesday the 30th September, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers	Tonnage.	Sailing on
*Pentakota	3419	Thursday 2nd Oct.
†Pundua	3305	,, 16th ,,
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 30th ,,
†Purnea	3303	,, 13th Nov.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents

Wiesl Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY. 2.9th September, 1913.

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE .....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Murree, and Srinagar (Kashmir)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1893

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen	49,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	37,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.....	,,	18,550,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Haien	Fangtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Lioyaang	Tsinling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted

S. UJIYE, Manager.

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. CO.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on 1913.
Gablonz.....	8000..	G. Gilhuber	1st Oct.
Habsburg....	3979..	E. Seberich	16th Oct.
Marienbad...	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Nov.
Cleopatra ...	4039 ..	.....	16th Nov
Gablonz.....	8000..	G. Gilhuber	1st Dec.
Habsburg ...	3979..	E. Seberich	16th Dec.
Marienbad .	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Jan. '14.
Cleopatra ...	4039..	.....	16th Jan. ,,
Semiramis ..	3999..	P. Pavissich	1st Feb. ,,

Homeward Passenger Season 1914.

(ACCELERATED SERVICE.)

Steamers.	Tons	Captains.	To sail on
Gablonz.....	8000	G. Gilhuber ...	10th Feb.
*Habsburg ...	3979	E. Seberich ...	16th Feb.
Cleopatra	4039	.....	1st Mar.
Marienbad	8 00	B. Bednarz ...	10th Mar.
*Semiramis	3999	P. Pavisich ...	16th Mar.
Gablonz	8000	G Gilhuber ...	1st April
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich ...	10th April
*Cleopatra ...	4039	.....	16th April
Marienbad.....	8000	B. Bednarz ...	1st May.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavisich ...	10th May.
*Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber...	16th May.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich...	1st June.

* Call at Karachi on the 18th and leave on the 20th.

ORDINARY SERVICE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about 1913.
Nippon	..6350	M. Franovich	28th Dec. 1914.
Fr. Ferdinand	.6016	A. Leva	...28th Jan.
China	.. 6017	E. Carabochia	26th Feb.
Vorwaerts	5990	S. Chumak	...28th Mar.
Austria	7583	D. Cosulich ...	1st May.
Nippon	..6350	N. Giarovich	30th May.
Persia	..6356	G. Bartole	...30th June.
Fr. Ferdinand..	5046	A. Leva	... 1st Aug.

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice	Rs 500	
,, Trieste or Venice and back	,, 750	
,, London via Trieste ..	Rs. 579 to 644*	
,, London via Trieste and back	,, 903 to 1038	

INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice ..	Rs. 350
,, Trieste or Venice and back	,, 525
,, London via Trieste ..	,, 429 to 449†
,, London via Trieste and back	,, 682 to 722†

*Fares according to class of Railway.
†Fares according to route on Railways

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice ..	Rs 450
,, Trieste or Venice and back	,, 675
,, London via Trieste ..	,, 529 to 594†
To London via Trieste and back	833 to 963†

†Fares according to Route and Class on Railways.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
Single and return tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gotharda, Tauren, and other routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles; or Marittima Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by Austrian Lloyd from Trieste to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Tons	Captain.	To sail about
Nippon....	6350	M. Franovich	7th Oct. 1913

For further particulars regarding passages apply to—

W. DENSO, Agent, Austrian Lloyd S.N Co. 52, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ....Rs		1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP .... ,,		50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,,		5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,040,000

HEAD OFFICE:—

36, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Amritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Asiea, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities

Post Box No. 141. BOMBAY. RALPH KIDD, Acting Manager.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

Capital authorised	Rbls	55,000,000
Do. subscribed	,,	45,000,000 =say £4,745,000
,, subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Govt. Kouping Taels		3,500,000 =say £ 455,000
Reserve Funds	Rbls.	23,300,000 =say £2,455,000
		7,655,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON OFFICE:—64, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askabad	Hankow	Paris
Bakou	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tiflis
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent. per annum on balances up to 1 lac; above that by special arrangement. Fixed deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security, and all descriptions of Banking business transacted.

G. B. ADAMSON, Manager

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£	1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£	400,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£	15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£	600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.)
J. C. GEORGE BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application

INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER, Acting Manager.

JOB PRINTING—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

Advisory Committee in London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai ,, Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,80,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. H. WILSON, Agent

40, Church Gate Street

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,700,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hongkong	New York
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Puket
Bombay	Karachi	Rangoon
Calcutta	Klang	Saigon
Canton	Kobo	Seremban
Cobu	Kuala	Shanghai
Colombo	Lumpur	Singapore
Delhi	Madras	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Taiping, (F.M.S.)
Hamburg	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Medan	Yokohama

Correspondents in all the principal cities of the world.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.
Office Hours, 10.30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
SATURDAY, 10.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

JOHN GREIG, Agent.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	Rs.	50,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs.	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	32,300

HEAD OFFICE.
7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCIES:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Bussorah, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad, (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Lucknow, Mandvi(Bombay), Navsari, Rajkot, Sukkor, Surat, and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT and DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent per annum, and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deopsits for 12 months at 5 per cent. and for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government papers and all descriptions of stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

The Bank issues Letters of Credit on all the important Cities of India.

JAFFER JOOSAB, Manager.

CLARKES B 41 PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers

BROADWOOD PIANOS.

"I regard it as an altar on which I shall place the sublimest offerings of my spirit to the divine Apollo."—BEETHOVEN.

JOHN BROADWOOD & SONS have a record that any firm could be proud of to have been for almost two hundred years manufacturers of pianos that have made the name of BROADWOOD known throughout the world.

The best of everything that goes to make a piano of the highest quality is contained in the BROADWOOD. If any evidence was required as to the durability of these instruments, the BROADWOOD Player-Piano, which was supplied to the late Captain Scott, and which is now on view at the Olympia Music Exhibition, would be a striking testimony. It was installed in the *Terra Nova*, when Captain Scott set out to find the South Pole, and when the party went into winter quarters it was transferred to the winter hut. One can well imagine the rough usage it would receive in being transferred to and from the hut and the weather it would have to withstand. To be recognised as one of the World's greatest Pianoforte Manufacturers is an honour which is but justly meet with the traditions of this historic firm. In Great Britain and in the Colonies, when you talk of a BROADWOOD the man in the street knows you are referring to a piano,—and a piano of the highest quality.

The BROADWOOD piano—the piano upon which in by-gone days Beethoven, Mozart, Haydn, Weber, Mendelssohn, and Chopin, delighted to play—BROADWOOD stands right in the front rank. The internal finish is of a high standard; the external case-work speaks "quality." As to the tone and touch no words of ours are needed. It is the BROADWOOD touch and the BROADWOOD tone.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BROADWOOD PIANOS:—

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

"THE HOUSE FOR QUALITY."

LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, PLANTS, AND FANCY CRACKERS FOR TABLE DECORATIONS

JUST UNPACKED AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

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Do.	in original tins of 10 Kilos		..	..	..
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SUBLIME OLIVE OIL. This is guaranteed to be the most refined Olive Oil obtainable and it can as a medicine with the best of results; bo Messrs. P. SASSO & FIGLI in litre bottles, I					
In half litre bottles..			..	..	..
SUPERFINE LUCCA OIL bottled in Italy, in bottle ..			..	..	..
In half litre bottle, per bottle			..	..	..

A FACT WORTH NOTIN

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Gold

CAPSULE;

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

No. L. R. 6449 of 1913.

WHEREAS it is intended by Government TO CLOSE THE PASSAGE described below and to dispose of it as Government vacant land, notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or claims over the passage or raising objection to the notified closure and sale of the same, that they should on or before the 31st October, 1913, lodge in the office of the Collector of Bombay, a statement in writing of such rights, claims or objections.

DESCRIPTION :—All that piece or parcel of land situated at Byculla behind the Mahratta Hospital, and used as a passage, and bounded in the North:—By land under New Survey No. 8-3628 in the occupation of Haji V lli Karimbhai Gadiwa'la and Memon Fattu Kanji.

On the South :—Partly by a continuation of the same public passage leading to Sussex Road and partly by land under New Survey No. 1-3634, in the occupation of Muncherji Pallonji Contractor.

On the East :—By land under New Survey No. 8-3628, in the occupation of Haji Valli Karimbhai and Memon Fattu Kanji.

On the West :—Partly by land under New Survey No. 1-3629, belonging to Goolbai, widow of Manekji Sorabji Reporter, and partly by land under New Survey No. 1-3634, belonging to Muncherji Pallonji Contractor.

A plan of the above described passage can be seen at the office of the Collector of Bombay on any day during office hours.

E. L. SALE,
Collector of Bombay.

Bombay Collector's Office,
24th September, 1913.

No. L. R. 6442 of 1913.

WHEREAS it is intended by Government TO CLOSE THE PASSAGE described below and dispose of it as Government vacant land, notice is hereby given, to all persons having rights in or claims over the passage or raising objection to the notified closure and sale of the same that they should on or before the 31st October, 1913, lodge in the office of the Collector of Bombay, a statement in writing of such rights, claims, or objections.

DESCRIPTION :—All that piece or parcel of land situated at Parel and used as a passage and bounded in the North :—By the Parel Village Main Road.

On the South:—By a public passage leading to the Parel Tank Road.

On the East:—By the premises belonging to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

On the West:—By the property of the Trustees of the estate of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia.

A plan of the above described passage can be seen at the office of the Collector of Bombay on any day during office hours.

E. L. SALE.
Collector of Bombay.

Bombay Collector's Office.
24th September, 1913.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 2nd day of October 1913, at 4 P. M, (Standard Time), when the Special Resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on Thursday, the 18th day of September, 1913, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolution.

Immediately thereafter an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Preference Shareholders of the Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company Limited, will be held at the same place, when the Special Resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Preference Shareholders of the Company held on Thursday, the 18th day of September, 1913, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolution.

By Order of the Board,
HORMUSJEE SONS AND Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 24th September, 1913.

NOTICE.

THE MYSORE FOREST DEPARTMENT

ABOUT 2,200 TONS of SANDALWOOD the property of the Mysore Government, will be put up to AUCTION in lots of 5 tons, more or less, at the sandal Kotles of Tirthahalli, Sagar, Shimoga, Tarikere, Chikmagalur, Hassan, Bangalore, Seringapatam and Hunsur between the 17th November, 1913 and 15th December, 1913.

2. For particulars of lots and kinds apply to the Undersigned, about the beginning of November, 1913.

M. MUTHANNAH, B. B.,
Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

Bangalore, 25th August, 1913.

WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir!" sounds too business like.

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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

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6-30 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11-30 P.M.

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A three-act drama after a celebrated French novel, presented by some of the leading French Actors and Actresses, entitled

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A remarkable film which is
A WORK OF ART.

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SHELL	SHELL
MEANS	MEANS
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Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette." Ld

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THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

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Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

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J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 2/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
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See Special Short Advertisements Column.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B I S N Co's steamer Lindula, 2,183 tons, Captain W Beresford, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and passengers

The Wilson Line steamer Ariosto, 4,313 tons, Captain AS Booth, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Middlesborough with a general cargo and coal.

The steamer Geddington Court, 2,495 tons Captain J M Gelghain, arrived in harbour yesterday from Barry with a cargo of coal.

The B I S N Co's steamer Pentakota, 2,209 tons, Captain W J Stewart, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Durban via coast ports, with a general cargo, 4 cabin and 212 deck passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamer Vorw aerts, 3,727 tons, Captain S. Clienak, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain A. Bunbridge, will sail to-day for Karachi and Persian Gulf, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Risaldar, 3,091 tons, Captain J. P. Toms, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Java with a cargo of sugar.

The B. I. S. N Co's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain H. Manley, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Karachi via coast ports, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Ninive, 2,876 tons, Captain A. Fey, will sail to-day for Hamburg and Antwerp via Coehin and Calicut with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 23rd September 1913, should be regarded as a full weather working day for vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

ROYAL NAVY & R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Philomel ..Comdr G P G Ballard ..R N
H M S Odin.....Comdr Mel'or.....Sloop
R I M S Dufferin . Comdr E J Headlam ..R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hamilton ...R I M
R I M S Investigator...Capt Hickman...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 24.

Ariosto.....4313 Booth .....J Finlay and Co
Aleppo.....2536 Jones .....J F and Co
Aviemoor.....2332 Keefod.....T Jeewandas
Barala.....1899 Milne.....M M and Co
Budrio.....1613 Fisher .....Arab Stm Ld
Dargai..... 2279 Donoran.....
Gaivale ...3441 Scoary .....A Yule and Co
Geddington Court..... 2495 Gleghain .....
Hosseino... 934 Fanning .....T Morrison & Co
Islami.....1604 Hughes.... T M & Co
Istrar.....2979 Jacob..... K N and Co
Khosrou.....2410 Hannah.....Jeddah .... T M and Co
Kola ....570 Minnett .....M M and Co
Lindula...3183 Walsh...Durban...M M and Co
Pentakota..... 2209 Stewart.... M M & Co
Risaldar...3091 Toms .....T M and Co
Saaed..... 157 Bonsfield.....Port Said..... Arab Stm Ld
Salsette .....2391 Vine... .....P and O Co
Schwarzenfels...2443 Kettevich...T M and Co
Sidra .....2.97 Bryn.....The Bombay Co
Schwedagon... 1998 Creagh .....Indo S Pet Co
Trifels.....2970 Eggart ...W and A G and Co
Vorwaerts...3727 Olienak .....A L S N Co
Aifeld .....2450 Nieman.....K N & Co
Colabo.....3899 Robertson..... M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Clan Lindsay...2499 Scotland...Chittagong J F and Co
2 Circassia ..4315 Maclean...W & A Graham and Co
3 Kowait .....2333 Biewis .. Jeddah ...25-9 Arab Steamers Co
4 Inverkip.. 2806 Gasson ...Antwerp...27-9 T M and Co
5 Ehrenfels .....2780 Weyhausen ... W and A G and Co
8 Gablonz...4975 Gullhuber...Trieste ..1-10 A L S N Co
6 Caspian...2317 Wright...Hull..... 27-9... W and A G and Co
7 Bulgarian Prince ...3129 Davies ...Hburg 28 9 ...M and Co
9 Sultan Hall...2870 Jenkins .. Liverpool .. 1-10...K N and Co
10&11 K Monarch...4776 Clare...W&AG& Co
12&13 Egypt ...4207 Summers ...London ... P and O Co
14 Dumra...762 Burbridge..... M M and Co
15 Caboto...2846 Pelligrini...Calcutta..... Venice ..S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
S Nordmark		Luning			W and A G & Co
D&E City of Colombo		3901			Hannaford... K N & Co
F Ninive		2876	Fey	Antwerp	25-9 W and A G and Co
H Kirklee		2275	Corrie		Port Said
M Subadar		3087	Crebbin	27-9	T M and Co
N Strathmoor		2805	McMahon		J F and Co
P Itonus		3401	Pigot		M M & Co

H W P D

Bahadur .. .. 829 Goolam .....Bo S N Co
Ponani.....552 Nola .....Bo S N Co

H W V D

Linga...951 Penny...Karachi...26 ...M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination
23	Risaldar	Toms	Java
24	Pentakota ...	Stewart ..	Durbar, Sept 5
	Ariosto	Booth	Mtr, Aug 1
	Geddington Ct	Gleghain...	Barry, Aug 28
	Linga	Penny	K'chi, Sept 22
	Vorwaerts ...	Clienak ..	Kobe, Aug 24

DEPARTURES.

Sept	Vessels	Commanders.	From
24	Lindula	Beresford	Bussch, &c
	Delta	Martin.....	Shanghai
	Polynesien ...	L lando ..	Marseilles
	H M S S'brook	Gardner ...	Rangoon

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Dumra, Berbridge, for Bussch.
,, Ninive, Fry, for Hamburg, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Ehrenfels, for Cochin.
,, Peut kona, for Durban, etc.
,, City of Colombo, for Karachi.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer "Nippon," from Trieste, left Aden on the 23rd instant, and is due here on the 30th instant morning.

The Ellerman Line steamer "City of Poona," outward bound left Liverpool on the evening of the 20th instant. The same Co's steamer "City of York," homeward bound arrived at Suez on the evening of the 2 st instant.

Vessels under orders from the Hydro-Geographical Department have been taking soundings in Alnmouth Bay, on the Northumberland coast, for the purpose of revising the chart of the sea coast north of the Coquet.

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—143 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 118 bales wool, D Khundunmal; 960 cwts linseed cake S Pestomji and Co; 3,967 cwts linseed cake, Breul and Co; 250 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 100 bales cotton waste, 50 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

Sutton Hall—1,300 tons manganese ore, K Nixon and Co; 655 cwts linseed cake, 150 cwts cottonseed cake, Breul and Co; 100 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1 case silk and cotton piece goods, E Miflet; 6,620 cwts castorseed, 1,600 cwts linseed, 6,450 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

Sutton Hall s—400 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Circassia s—289 cwts staves in shooks, 123 cwts ends of hogsheads, 121 cwts iron hoops, Spencer and Co; 12,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Sutton Hall s—100 bales cotton, V Rajaram and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—125 cwts buffalo horns, E Bewji; 13 bales cow hides, P E Boyce and Sons; 131 casks goat skins, 6,374 lbs. bristles Nizamuddin and Co.

FOR HULL.

Caspian s—1,000 cwts cotton seed, A Khimji.

FOR HAVRE.

Istrar s—2,002 cwts linseed, 2,001 cwts rapeseed, E D. Sassoon and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, Sanday and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, 22,000 cwts, linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Monarch s—330 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed, A Khimji.

Bulgerian Prince—s 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,200 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Inverkip s—30 bales cotton, V. Rajaram and Co; 20 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ninive s—30 bales cotton fly, Solomon Bros.

Nordmark s—110 bales cotton, N F and C Corporation; 1,200 cwts myrabolam, P Mathuradas and Co; 400 cwts animal hoofs, Hallingshurst and Co.

Bulgerian Prince s—165 bales cotton, S H Amar and Co; 495 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 2,168 cwts cottonseed, K Devchand and Co, 2,000 cwts mowraseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Gablonz s—200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.; 172 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 cwts cashewnuts, M Jaferbhoy; 985 cwts gingellyseed, B S Lloyd and Co.

Vorwaerts s—110 bales cotton, N F and C Corporation; 1,238 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 277 bales cotton, Bombay Co; 220 bales cotton, W Pavri and Co; 820 cwts bone senews, J Livingstone and Co; 330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR FIUME.

Vorwaerts s—348 bales cotton, 2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 2,002 cwts linseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Vorwaerts s—100 bales cotton, W Pavri and Co; 400 bales cotton, N T and C Corporation; 310 bales cotton, Bombay Co; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 4,002 cwts castorseed, J M Bilimoria and Co; 2,001 cwts castorseed, C Boggiano and Co; 2,000 cwts, rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

DAILY IMPORTS—SEPT. 24.

Steamer Aleppo from Gothenberg, Agents, James Finlay and Co.—350 barrels alum, 361 boxes, 1,198 kegs nails, 45 bales paper, 286 bales strawboards, 384 bales woodpulp, 906 drums linseed oil, 640 drums 204 kegs 39 cases paints, 40 cases 4 casks colours, 48 drums turpentine, 50 cases biscuits, 67 cases cotton goods.

Steamer Pentakota from Durban, Agents, M M and Co.—1,628 tons 14 cwts coal. 12 boxes oranges, 1397 bags, 40 cases potatoes, 130 bags empty bottles, 12 cases 182 pcee ivory, 32 bags shells, 67 bags cowries, 2 bags pepper, 2,032 bundles cloves, 5 bundles sandalwood.

Steamer Polynesien from Noumea, Agents C D M Maritmes—10 casks tallow, 24 packages cocoa fibre, 25 package crotonseed, 3 cases brandy, 110 cases biscuits, cakes, fruits etc, 771 cases tea.

Steamer Gaddington Court, from Barry, Agents P and O S N Co—6,116 tons coal.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Exerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 24th Sept.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 5th Sept. 1913.	Total from 1st April to 5th Sept. 1913.	For week ending 5th Sept. 1912.	Total from 1st April to 5th Sept. 1912.
Vessels piloted into Harbour.	23	519	24	520
Vessels piloted out of Harbour.	18	555	18	525
Vessels transported	19	538	16	364
Vessels attended to		51	3	50
Vessels warped...	...	5	...	28

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a. m. on the 23rd Sept. to 6 a.m. on the 24th September:—

	Attacks.	Deaths
Total.....	2	1
Total mortality from all causes	70	

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Harwood Association Football League, Bombay Gymkhana, vs. G. I. P., Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.
Women's Christian Temperance Association, Silver Medal Recitation, Y.W. C.A. Rooms, 9.
Alliance Francaise, 15th meeting.—Debate on the tax on bachelors, at 6-20 p. m.
Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim :—Sleep in certainty is better than prayer in doubt.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	13-30
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-40	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Gujarat Mail	7-30	21-30
Third Class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2nd and 3rd ...	6-45	21-45

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel R.C.H. Barnard, V. D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Bttn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p. m. to-day.

THE ARMS TRAFFIC.

DIFFICULTY OF OBTAINING CARTRIDGES.

There has been a marked decrease in the sale of rifles and ammunition in the tribal hinterland as a result of the naval blockade of the Mekran coast and the agreement with the Sultan of Muscat. It is now reported that in Afghanistan a few small consignments of rifles have been received from Basra by way of Persia, a roundabout route involving heavy caravan charges. At Kabul occasionally rifles have been on sale sent in by traders as the remnant of their old stocks but instead of 100 cartridges being sold with each rifle only twenty have been offered. The question of ammunition for a Lee-Enfield, Mauser or Mannlicher is a difficult one, as the cartridges cannot be made in Afghanistan. The Kabul factories cannot turn them out and the military authorities are careful to see that the 303 stocks in the arsenals, imported years ago from England, are kept intact. The tribesmen with a modern rifle, for which he has paid a very high price, must now be anxious about his cartridges; and if the Muscat arrangement is strictly carried out the supply will be permanently cut off. It may be noted that the primitive rifle-factory in the Kohat Pass is doing a thriving trade just now. The arms turned out are quite good of their kind considering the machinery used, and they have the merit of cheapness. The system of payment by instalments is also in vogue and the proorer tribesmen are regular customers. One result of the position across the border is likely to be that rifle-thieves will become more active, and special precautions against these gentry should be taken in India during the ensuing cold weather when troops are marching in relief or attending small camps of exercise.—*Pioneer.*

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; Depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	September	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Thurs ...	25	m 6	51	25	2
		6	28	23	9
Fri	26	m 8	10	26	0
		7	57 a	24	9
Sat	27	m 9	0	27	1
		9	6 a	26	2
Sun	28	m 9	44	28	0
		10	1 a	27	8

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	September	h.	m.	ft.	in
Thurs ...	25	m 1	42 a	21	3
Fri	26	m 0	54	18	2
		2	29 a	21	0
Sat	27	m 2	8	17	6
		3	10 a	15	5
Sun	28	m 3	8	13	9
		3	50 a	16	11

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full Moon, Sept. 15th, 1h. 13·9m. p.m. Last Quarter, 23rd, 6h 0·0m. p.m.; New Moon, 30th, 10h. 26·8m. a.m. First Quarter, Oct. 7th, 7h. 66·2m. a.m.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, Sept. 24.

There has been a further decrease of rainfall in North-east India, but many stations in the east and south of the Peninsula report rain. The temperature remains high in the neighbourhood of Agra, where a maximum of 103 deg. occurred yesterday. The air is also very dry in the same region.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Mysore and the Madras Deccan; fairly general in Upper Burma, and the north Madras coast; and local in Assam and South east Madras. A few falls also occurred in Bengal, Orissa, the North West Frontier Province, the south-east of the Central Provinces, South Hyderabad and Malabar.

Principal amounts :—Port Blair, one inch; Kyaukpyu, one and a half; Akyab, two; Cuttack and Jagdalpur, three quarters; Raichur, one; Bangalore, and Cochin, a half; Trinchinopoly, three-quarters; Salom, three; Kurnool and Nellore, a half; Mesulipatam, two; Cocanada, one and a-half.

Forcast :—No large change.

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. September 24.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corrd'g. Corrig. Total. 1911.	Corrd'g. Corrig. Total. 1912.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill.	0·00	64·79	43·55	49·67

BOOT FACTORY, SION.
Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. Total up-to-date of the 20th September.

In. cts.	In. cts.
0 41	79 84

Appended is Wednesday report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Roshire (28rd)...	93·8	78·5	...	0·00
Jask ...	96·8	74·8	...	0·00
Muskat (23rd)...	104·8	83·1	...	0·00
Multan ...	101·3	73·0	...	10·23
Rawalpindi ...	93·4	64·8	...	24·44
Lahore ...	102·4	66·7	...	18·09
Simla ...	1 1·4	71·5	...	17·84
Ambala ...	101·5	69·9	...	28·21
Delhi ...	1 0·5	76·8	...	13·66
Agra ...	1 2·5	77·0	...	7·39
Mainpuri ...	102·3	72·6	...	10·66
Jhansi ...	99·6	80·0	...	9·64
Cawnpore ...	100·6	73·5	...	18·82
Allahabad ...	100·6	72·5	...	22·36
Jacobabad ...				...
Karachi ...	86·5	77·0	...	12·01
Ajmer ...	99·1	78·2	...	11·16
Jaipur ...	98·2	77·1	...	12·71
Kotah ...	98·1	81·6	...	15·62
Bhuj ...	91·0	72·0	...	38·37
Dwarka ...	87·8	78·2	...	17·35
Veraval ...	84·1	75·3	...	24·55
Rajkot ...	93·6	68·8	...	27·73
Bhavnagar Para.	80·0	71·8	...	35·93
Surat ...	88·9	72·6	...	37·14
Ahmedabad ...	90·6	74·7	...	35·61
Deesa ...	90·3	69·9	...	35·15
Neemuch ...	88·9	71·5	...	23·80
Indore ...	88·0	68·1	...	26·28
Jubbulpore ...	92·8	77·8	...	30·81
Saugor ...	91·3	73·1	...	22·92
Hoshangabad ...	89·1	71·4	...	36·34
Khandwa ...	90·2	70·1	...	33·15
Akola ...	93·2	75·5	...	26·77
Amraoti ...	92·8	69·8	...	34·57
Nagpur ...	90·6	71·8	...	43·25
Chanda ...	91·5	71·0	...	50·99
Raipur ...	92·7	75·6	...	35·33
BOMBAY ...	85·8	76·6	...	68·36
Ratnagiri ...	86·3	73·9	...	67·20
Mormugao ...	82·5	74·7	...	83·4
Karwar ...	82·7	73·5	...	83·83
Malegaon ...	92·4	66·6	...	14·29
Ahmednagar ...	88·1	67·0	...	20·69
Poona ...	85·6	67·3	...	23·58
Sholapur ...	91·3	74·1	...	11·0
Bijapur ...	90·2	71·3	...	10·84
Belgaum ...	79·3	62·5	...	33·11
Aurangabad ...	87·4	69·0	...	21·27
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	90·9	72·1	...	36·89
Hyderabad ...	90·3	72·7	...	P
Mangalore ...	84·8	74·8	0·03	83·88
Calicut ...	85·3	77·1	...	70·69
Cochin ...	87·2	74·2	0·59	68·15
Colombo ...	87·6	72·5	...	13·27
Masulipatam ...	95·8	72·2	1·85	11·56
Bellary ...	92·0	72·3	0·39	4·80
Cuddapah ...	98·5	74·0	0·02	5·66
Madras ...	93·0	77·0	...	5·66
Bangalore ...	81·8	66·3	0·54	11·84
Coimbatore ...	92·4	71·8	...	3·19
Trichinopoly ...	93·6	72·3	0·80	3·27
Negapatam ...	93·7	77·7	...	7·12

Bombay Local Rainfalls: J J H = 0·00 (80-61); G T H=0·00 (78.07) St. G H= 0·00 (78·71); C P=0·00 (68·36).

CASTLE-ROCK.

Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours. In. Cts.	From 1st June to date In. Cts.
80	68	0 7	189 79

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 23rd September 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are almost clear. The moisture in the air is generally below the average. Temperature is normal except for an excess in the maximum at Ambala and Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear Humidity is generally in larg defect. Day temperature is much above the average; night temperature is in excess at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly, or moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual in the eastern districts of Rajputana. Night temperature is above the average at most places in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Cloud has decreased and skies are now clear or lightly clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Temperature during day is in defect at Deesa and Bhavnagar-Para.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Maximum temperature is in excess in the north-eastern districts; the minimum is above the average at Jubbulpore.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in slight defect. Temperature is fairly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual in west Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan. Temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—Thunderstorms have given heavy rain at Masulipatam (1·85") and light to moderate showers in Mysore, the Madras Deccan, the Carnatic and on the south Malabar coast. Skies continue moderately to heavily clouded over the greater portion to the south of Latitude 16° North.

Rain in local showers is likely in the Madras Deccan, Mysore, the Carnatic and on the Malabar coast. A few falls may occur on the north Madras coast, in the south Konkan, south Hyderabad and possibly in the south Bombay Deccan.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time) on the 24th September, 1913, was 30·680 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80 deg. F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometers, either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., (Standard Time), the ship's barometers reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

HIGH COURT.—SEPT. 25.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.

Appeal for Judgment.

26-13, 66-12—Little and Co, The London County and Westminster Bank Ltd vs The Bank of Bombay, Crawford and Co.

Before the Hon Sir Dinsha D Davar

For further Directions and Costs on Acting Commissioner's Report.

675-12—Motichand, Mancherji Wadilal and Co vs Nerpal Purbat. In person.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1201-12—Subnis and G Merwanji Jehangir Vakil vs Manaji Cooverji Rai. Shirke Chitnis, M and K

1276-12—Chitnis, M and K Manaji Cooverji Raji Shirke vs Merwanji Jehangir Vakil and another Sabnis and G.

Testamentary Suits.

31-12—Kanga and S Bai Adibai, widow vs Nagindas Tribhuwandas Moti, H M R

Long Causes

1318-12—Edgelow G W and Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal and others. The New Piece Goods Bazaar Co. Ltd Payne and Co.

43-13—Edgelow W G and Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal and others. The New Piece Goods Bazaar Co Ltd. Payne and Co.

58-11—Daphtary F and D R D Sethna and others vs Hunraj Malsey and another Ardeshir H D and Co

347-12—Malvi Hm and R Luxmibai widow and another Ahmedbhai Habilbhoy Payne and Co.

355-11—Payne The Advocate General of Bombay vs M M Shirazi Shroff

O.S. 313-13—Motichand and D Nemchand Nathabhai vs Dayabhai Manchhivan and others, Ardeshir H D and Co. Patel and Ezekiel.

262-13—Pestonji R K and Co Bai Jivanbai, widow, vs Amboobai, widow, and others Madhowji K and C H Edgelow G W and Co

441-09—Little and Co Mathuradas Gocouldas vs Tehelram Girdharidas and another Jamsetji R and D

891-12—Mulla and Mulla Abdul Aziz Vali Mahomed vs. Khatizabai. Tyabji. D and Co.

939-12—Smetham B and Co. Parwatibai, widow vs Gopal Sudkoji Bole and others Vacha and Co; Payne and Co

486-13—Wadia, G and Co. Purkha Dolla and Co., a firm, vs Gulam Hossein Abdullaly and others Patel and Ezekiel, Mans J H and Co.

1317-12—Matubhoy, J and M Gulam Husein Bundeally Somji vs Mahomed Saleh Cassum and Co., a firm Payne and Co.

223-06—Payne and Co. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Moosa Haji Hossain and others Bhaishanker, K and O.

O.S. 620-13—Unwalla P and P Jijibhay Sorabji Dubash and another vs The Hon the Advocate-General of Bombay and others Wadia G and Co; Dastoor and Co.

1080-09—Mirza M and M Rustomji Byramji Chokahi vs Bejonji Byramji Sholabi and others Jehangir B; Mehta and Co.

769-13—Khambatta and Co Soonabai widow vs Shapurji Framji Karajia and others Khambatta and Co Bicknell M R and Co

498-13—Dikshit and P Mangalal Ranchod and others vs Manecklal Ghellabhai Manecklal and T.

390-13—Little and Co Messrs Wild and Co a firm vs Girdharilal Narapandas Tyabji D and Co.

301-13—Patell and Eze Roque Estwae Pereira alias Rock Stiven Pereira vs Rozario Mathios deSilva alias Rodgers Mathios deSilva and otherr Patell and Eze Bhimji and Co.

303-13—Patell and Eze Roque Estivad Pereira alias Roque Stivan Pereira vs Roger Mathios de Silva and others Patell and Eze

Bridgwater Hospital is to be enlarged, at a cost of £5,000, to commemorate the centenary of the institution and as a memorial to King Edward VII. Viscount Portman and Mr. Sanders, M.P., have each contributed £100 to the extension fund.

MANY A HAIR-RAISING STORY is told by those who have tried ZARINA CANTHARIDINE TONIC. The only preparation that contains the active principle of Cantharis Vesicatoria. Some, who had tested its marvellous effect in preventing hairs falling off and promoting growth, have been heard to say "Oh, that stuff would make hairs grow on a billiard ball." Removes scurf and makes hair soft, silky and glossy.—MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay, Phone No. 706.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

An Ajmer correspondent states that steps are now being taken to deal with the scarcity following on the deficiency in the rains in Rajputana.

Troops moving up in the annual relief to Chitral are not finding difficulties in their way, as the inter-tribal fighting of the Dir factions has not been renewed.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. E. Dyson, I. M. S., officiating Assistant Director of Medical Services, Bangalore and Southern Brigades, is detailed to proceed to Maymyo to assume the duties of Assistant Director of Medical Services in Burma Division.

During the past summer an Italian exploring expedition has been at work in Western Himalayas. It arrived quietly in May and proceeded to Kashmir, its main object being to scale the Munkun peak which is 23,470 feet high and the summit of which had never been reached.

Dr. Piacenza was in charge of the party.

The Corporation of Calcutta will hold a meeting on the 24th instant to sanction the purchase of ponies for the Municipal Gowkhanas at a cost of Rs. 18,200 at the rate of Rs. 130 per pony landed in Calcutta. It is proposed to make the following purchases for each Gowkhana in order to keep it at its sanctioned strength Gowhhana I, II, III IV, 40 16, 32 and 14 ponies respectively.

With reference to the forthcoming visit of the Viceroy to Madras a correspondent writes that Lord Hardinge should be asked to deliver the annual convocation address to the graduates of the year. Another suggests that Madras University would be doing a graceful act by bestowing the title of LL. D. on him. His many services for the development of education in this country fully entitle His Excellency to such an honour.

Dr. C. A. R. Janvier, who is coming out to India as Principal of the Christian College at Allahabad in the place of the late Dr. A. N. Ewing, left New York on the 2nd instant. He is accompanied by Mrs. Janvier. Dr. Janvier was born in India, and after completing his education came back to India a few years ago for work. He went home again, about 14 years ago. His father was killed at Hardwar by a Sadhu, many years ago. Misses M. P. and E M. Forman, with their niece Miss Florence Forman, have sailing from Trieste on the 16th instant, after spending a little time in Italy. The Formans are well known in the Punjab and the U. P. as a missionary family. Three brothers, Henry, John and Charles, are working in India. They are related to the Newtons of the Punjab.

A HAND LIKE CROMWELL'S.

Leon Kendal, the celebrated palmist and psychologist, during his stay at Pekin read the hand of Yuan Shih Kai, the President of the China Republic. His account of the reading which appears in the "Japan Advertiser" is as follows:—

"He has a hand like Cromwell's. He is a man of immense energy and a man who will figure high in the annals of the world's history. He would like to give up his work and retire. The general idea that he is attempting to become Emperor or Dictator is false. He does not know what fear is; on this there can be no doubt. That he takes and should take precautions when he knows danger is surrounding him on all sides is not due to any fear.

"He is by nature a fighter. Nothing displeased him more than when I told him that within 18 months great changes would occur which would enlarge his powers and he was very annoyed and paced the floor of his room when I informed him as I read it in his hands, that he would die in harness. He will get little relief from the cares and burdens of public life which will in time be forced on him. He would gladly resign to-day if he could but he won't, for his character doesn't permit of resigning under fire.

"He is actuated by patriotism and not by purely selfish motives as have so often been ascribed to him. He will live to a ripe age and he will die a natural death. There is nothing in his hands which indicate any physical injuries or dangers to come. He will gain in time the respect and confidence of all his people and will remain the strong man and the most honored man of his country.

PEGOUD'S SENSATIONS.

M. Pegoud, the airman, who is so celebrated for his daring, only obtained his pilot's certificate seven months ago, and is 24 years old. When asked for an account of his sensations while flying upside down he declared that it was like being in a barber's chair, explaining that as his spirit tank was upside down its contents dripped through the airhole on to his face, being cooled in its fall by the wind from the screw. His nerves are going to be subjected to a severe strain during the next three months, as he intends to carry out a series of experiments, the programme of which has been drawn up by M. Bleriot. Pegoud in turning his machine on its back has described the capital letter S in the air. In other flights he intends to make an O and thus "loop the loop," to side-slip on his wings, to fall backwards and recover his position, and to leave the controls untouched for a definite period. M. Bleriot also intends to arrange for parachute experiments which will be carried out at first with animals and later on with men.

£53,811,898 stands to the credit of depositors in 211 trustee savings banks in the United Kingdom, says a White-paper just published.

Owing to heavy rains, the post-office at Blaydon-on-Tyne was cut off by water, and the postmistress had to be wheeled to the premises in a barrow.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper and thousands (Home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by chemists stores, grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-Street, London. Established over 35 years

Success in Home Baking

is assured by mixing 1 part of "

MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

London, Sept. 21 Bombay, Sept 24

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Fluc.	Mov.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	73 7-8		1-8
3 do. Rentes	83		-1
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	80 1-2	unchgd	
do. do. Gov. Securities	82 13-16	unchgd	
Bar Silver in London Spot	28 5-16		1-8
do. 2 months' hence	28 3-8		1-1
Bar Silver in New York	61 1-8		1-1
Exchange on London at Paris	25.25 1-2	unchgd	
do. do. at Berlin	20.41 1-2	unchgd	
do. do. New York	4.85 7-8	unchgd	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight	4		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 7-16		1-16
do. 3 months' fine Trade Bills	4 1-2	unchgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 7-8	unchgd	
Interest day-to-day Loans	2 3-4	1-4	
do 7 day Market Loans	2 3-4	unchgd	

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 33 days sight (bank buying rate) 1s. 3 15 16d unchgd.
Closing rate of silver—Fair demand by Chinese bolling
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £ 375,000 for Egypt.

COUNCIL BILLS—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS.

Transfers on Madras Rs. 20,000 at 1s. 4 5-8 d.
Transfers on Calcutta Rs. 1,00,900 at 1s. 4 5-32d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot Unchanged—Fair demand.
Futures ... Irregular—unsettled
Manchester Steady with little doing
Total Sales ... 10,000
Sold on Speculation and for export ... 1,000
Imports ... 20,000
Mid-Americans ... 7·81 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...10·23 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7 35 +01	7·28 unchgd	7·20 +01
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7 20 +01	7·20 +01	7 20 +01
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
7 20 unchgd	7 20 unchgd	7 20 unchgd	7·18 unchgd

New York 11 a.m., Oct. 13 45 Jan. 13 19.
New York official noon sail Oct. 13·16 en. 13·33.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 13·45 Jan. 13·55.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	...82,000
" Receipts at U. S. last year	...93,000
" Exports to Great Britain	... 1,000
" Exports to Continent	...13,000
" Spot Cotton	13·30 +05
Futures—Month of Oct. 13 47 +16	
Futures—Month of Jan 13 36 +17	

Advanced on firm Southern spot market and improved demand and on unfavorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	...13 7-14 + 1-16
Futures month of Oct.	...13 43 +13
Futures month of Jan.	...13·34 +34
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Firm.

Liverpool, Sept. 23

Twist Shootings and Shirtings— Firm and advancing
Yarn Cloths Strong and advancing
Weft American "54" ... 12 1-2
Weft Egyptian "80" ... 19
Tone—Yarn—Market ... Quiet.
Weft Egyptian "32" ... 12 3-4
Twist "32" W T C ... 11 1-8
Twist "32" B ... 11 1-2
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch ... 13 7
Twist "35" W T C ... 11 3-8
Twist "36" B ... 11 3-4
Twist "42" ... 12 1-2
Twist American "60" ... 16 3-4
Twist Egyptian "60" ... 17 3-4
Twist Egyptian "80" ... 22
Grey shirtings 39 in by 37 1-2 ... 3 yds 16 by 12 8 lbs Red Heading 7 9 1-2
" " 44 in. by 39 yds 14 by 13 lbs ... 8 6
White Nainsooks 23 in. by 18 yds 16 by 13 to 16-15 Rang: ... 3 2 1-2
" Mull 23 in. by 13 yds 14 by 12 Green Ends ... 2 4
White Shirtings 32-35 in. by 42 yds Lipmans No. 1500...Not quoted
40 Banner Mill Twist ... 11 1-2
Grey Mayalls Yarn ... 11 3 4
F. O. F. Tinnevelly, Liverpool ... 6 3-8
Buyers or Sellers ... Nominal
Months ... Oct.-Nov.
Water Twist American 30s. 11 1-4
" " " 40s. 12 3-8
Mule " " 40s. 11 7-8
" " " 50s. 13 3-4
" " " 60s. 15 3-4
" " Egyptian 40s. 17 1-8
" " " 50s. 17 5-8
" " " 60 18 5-8

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...Nominal
Wheat White Karachi ...37 unchgd.
Do. Months ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports London—Nominal
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian ... 36 1 4 Jan.-Feb.—Done
Victorian ... 36 1-4 Jan.-Feb.—Done
New South Wales ... 35 -4 Jan. Feb.—Done

SEEDS.

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...46 1-2+1-2
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Firm.

Linseed Calcutta ..46 1-4+3-4d.
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
London—Sellers—Firm
Linseed Argentine—La Plata. 44×7-8
Do Sept.-Oct.
Do Name of Ports—Hamburg—Dons—Firm

COTTONSEED—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ..£6-18-9—3-1
Sept.-Oct.—Hull—Value—Steady

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE

Fair Rio Coffee ...9 1-2 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...8 3 1-2 +1d
Sept.-Oct.—Buyers—Firm

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B ... 87 1-8+1 3-8
Copper Brazier ... £ 83 1-2 + 1-2
Yellow Metal ... d 7 1-2 unchgd

FREIGHTS—

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—1 1s. 6d.—Value.

ARRIVALS—

"Detmoll" "Nyanza."

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C & F India double bags. 12 9—3-41
Do. Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet—Only small business.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar C & F India 11 10 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—sellers.
Tone—Steady but very quiet.
German Beet-root 88 p. c....9 8 1-4+ 1-4d
Months of Shipments ...Sept.—Sellers 9 4 1-2+1-4d—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Opened firm and dearer—closed quiet
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F India ...13 6 3-4 unchgd.
Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet—Little doing.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta ...11 10 1-2 unchgd
Months of Shipments Sept.—Value—Nominal
C & F Calcutta ..11 9 unchgd Quiet
Sept.—Value—Noon
Java Sugar—Market unchanged

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING. (Sept. 24th 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
1 Bundle Sov	Rs. 30,000	Baroda...	Comptoir National

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 20th & 22nd Sept. 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway...	16	19,625
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	38	45,051

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—

Bank of Bom. rate since 23th Aug.	6 p.c.
Bank of Bom. " " 14th Sept.	5 "
Bank of Mad " " 8th July	6 "

EXCHANGE:—

The market continues firm, and some business was done at 1s. 4 5-32d.
We quote:—

T. T. on London Ready	...1s. 4 3-32
Demand Draft Mail	...1s. 4 1-32.
Credit 3 months sight	...1s. 4 3-32d mail
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do France & Italy 1:2	
Do. do Marks " 140	
Hongkong 60 days' sight 147 1-2	
Shanghai " 203 3-4	
Japan " ...149 1-4	

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market opened at 95-2 for Cash and 1st settlement and has been steady
We quote:—

Cash	... Rs. 95	2 0
1st Settlement	... " 95	2 0
2nd do	... " 95	5 0

BULLION.—

Yesterday the London market for Bar Silver was 1-8 lower for ready and 1-4 lower for forward, rates being 28 9-16 and 28 3-8 respectively. New York Bar Silver was 61 7-8 being 1-4 lower. In the local market there were buyers at 80-10 and 80-13 for ready and settlement respectively.
We quote:—

English Bar Gold	... Rs. 24	1 6
Australia Gold	... " 24	1 0
Sovereigns Gold	... " 15	0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready	... " 71	3 0
1st Settlement	... " 71	8 0
2nd Settlement	... " 71	10 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready	... " 80	9 0
1st Settlement	... " 80	14 0
2nd Settlement	... " 81	0 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT.—

The following are the latest telegrams received here:—

WELD AND Co:—

LIVERPOOL:—Market opened steady with fairly free general buying with very little hedge selling market closed very steady on continued general buying. Prices would have advanced further, but for considerable straddle selling which however who well absorbed.

NEW YORK:—Market very steady despite Wall Street selling and local traders selling.

OUR LIVERPOOL FRIENDS CABLE:—"Continental spinners are becoming uneasy and are buying moderately. Spinners must buy."

We countinue to advise buying and more in the event of a decline from the present level.

HORNBY HEMELRICK:—(Cables from New York) Weather is too cold. More hopeful feeling about ante futures' legislation. Strong bulls buying.

GRUNNING:—Short interest appears to be large. Spinners are short of cotton and must buy soon. Our opinion is that cotton on its own merit is healthy.

MORDEN & Co:—Estimate of the crop cannot be relied upon at this stage of the season. We would rather sell than buy.

The local market is steady and good Broach is quoted at Rs. 332. The demand for ready cotton continues at the full rates and holders meet the demand freely. Although exporters are not buyers of new crop, the market is effected by the advance in America and prices are quoted higher, but are quite nomial as very little business is reported:

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	Mar
Good M. G. Broach ...	332	Mar
Fine M. G. Wardha Hinganghat ...	338	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	335	"
" " Yeotmal ...	331	"
" " Dhamangaon ...	323	"
" " Khamgaon Akola	330	"
" " Amraoti ...	324	"
" " Khandesh ...	304	"
F. G. " Khandesh ...	292	"
Fine " Bengal ...	281	"
F. G. Bengal	263	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...Barely Steady
Estimate 1 Sales ... 7,000
Total Imports ... 15,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7 35	7·28	7 19 +1
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7 19 +1	7 19 +1	7 19 +1
March-April.	April-May.	May-June
7·19 +1	7 19 +1	7·19 +1

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is strong. We quote:—

Ready	Rs 7 13 0 B.T.
December	" 8 12 0 B.T.
May 1914	" 9 7 6 B.T.

RAPESEED:—

The market is quiet but steady. We quote:—

Brown Delhi May	Rs. 8 9 0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore	" 7 10 0 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	" 8 10 0 B.T.

GINGELLY SEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Bold White 85p.c.	Rs. 57 0 0 Dec.-Jan.
Black Kutai	Rs. 48 6 0 Jan.-Feb.

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Strong. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 11 10 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 36 0 0

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—
New Crop Bold Rs. 43 5 0 Jan.-Feb.

MOWRASEED—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 8 8 0 B.T.

WHEAT:—

The market is steady. We quote.
White Pearl 85 p.c. ready Rs. 5 0 6 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914 " 5 11 0 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	1,682 1-2
Bank of India ...	67
Central Bank ...	29 1-4
Eastern Bank ...	36
Indian Specie ...	62

MILLS.

David ...	760
Fazulbhai Mills ...	550
Finlay Mill ...	328
Manockji Petit ...	3,193
Kohinoor ...	770
New Great Eastern ...	245
Standard ...	1,425
Swan ...	295

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord...	182
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre...	172
Bombay S N Ordy ...	225
Colaba Land and Mill ...	1,490
Tresasher and Co ...	510
The Tata Hydro E P S Ordy	1050
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate ...	21 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley ...	575

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton ...	...	4,584 bales.
Wheat ...	...	19,817 owts.
Linseed ...	...	15,488 "
Rapeseed ...	...	1,254 "
Gingellyseed ...	...	1,693 "
Poppyseed ...	...	162 "
Groundnuts ...	...	907 "
Castorseed ...	...	4,286 "
Rice ...	...	3,941 "
Myrabolams...	...	1,711 "
Cottonseed ...	...	17,006 "
Mowraseed ...	...	7,113 "
Gram ...	...	3,938 "
Joowar ...	...	8,755 "
Maize ...	...	2 "
Barley ...	...	53 "

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U S Ports ...	82,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000
Exports to Continent ...	13,000
Spot Cotton at New York ...	13 60+5
Future Oct...	13·47+48
" Jan...	13·31+17
Spot closing tone ...	Firm
Futures closing tone ...	do

General Tone of Market Opened.—Steady and advanced on firm southern spot market and unfavorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 23.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	13 7-16+1-16
Future Oct....	13·43+13
" Jan...	13·52+14
Future closing tone ...	Firm

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ... Steady and closed Steady.
Do. closed for future ... Steady.
Do. for East Indian ..... do.
Total Day's Sales ... 10,000 bales
Sales on spec. and export ... 1,000 do
Sales of Surats ... .
Total Day's Imports ... 2,000 do
Cocconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F. 5 15-32
Cocconada Ginned—London C. I. F. 5 17-32
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ... 10 20
Good Bhowmuggar ... 6 3-16‡.
Good Bengal ... ... 5 11-16d.
F. G. Benga' ... ... 5 13-16d.
Fine Bengal ... ... 5 15-16‡.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn... 5 7 8
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ... 6 7-16‡.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns ... 11 1-4
40's mle Twist (Bannermills)... 11 3-4
Weft 54 American ... 11 7-8
Weft 60 Egyptian ... 18 3-8
Weft 32's ... 14 3-4
Twist 36 ... ... 10 7-8
Twist 42 ... ... 11 7-8
Twist American 60... ... 17 1-2
Twist Egyptian 60 ... ... 13 7-8
Twist Egyptian 80 ... ... 21 1-8
Tone of Fine Yarns— ... Quiet
Tone of Coarse Yarns— do.
General Tone of Yarn Market— do.
Mid-American at Liverpool— 7 81
Cotton Delay Mid Uplands G.P.C. Liverpool. ... ...
Sept.-Oct. ... ... 7·36+1
Oct.-Nov. ... ... 7·28
Nov.-Dec. ... ... 7·20+1
Dec.-Jan. ... ... 7·20+1
Jan.-Feb. ... ... 7·20+1
Feb.-Mar. ... ... 7·20+1
Mar.-Apl. ... ... 7·20
Apl.-May ... ... 7·20
May-June ... ... 7·20

Manchester, Sept. 23.

Manchester Piece Goods Market—Dearer in sympathy with cotton, but buyers have little inclination to follow—Fair enquiry for staples.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs). Sept.-Oct.—London— 46 Sellers.
Linseed, Bombay ex-ship (per 416 lbs) ...Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp— 46 3 "
Linseed, La Plata ...Sept.-Oct. Antwerp— 43 6 "
Linseed, Tone of Market at Close—Firm for higher prices
Linseed Tendency of the Market— do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Sept £23-10-0
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Nov.-Dec. £23-10-0
Linseed Tone of Market at Close—Steady
Linseed River Plate exports... .....
Poppyseed, Canal...Sept.-Oct.-Dunkirk— 63 3 Sellers.
Poppyseed Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steady
Rapeseed, Calcutta Brown Canal. Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk 48 "
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk. 53 6 "
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk— 54 0 "
Rapeseed, Ferosepore asual bold ... ...
Do. Jamba Red... ... .
Rapeseed, Tone of Market at Close ... ... Firm
Cotton Seed Bombay Parcels Sept.-Oct.—Hull— £7-0 6 "
Cotton Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steady.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

WHEAT.

Wheat, Choice white Karachi Sept-Oct.—London— 37 3 Sellers.
Wheat, F. A. Q. Red Karachi (per 492) lbs.)... Sept.-Oct London— Nom
Wheat, Club No. 2...Sept.-Oct. London— 37 3 "
Wheat, Choice white Delhi... Sept.-Oct.—London— Nom
Do. Tone of market at close.. Quiet
Do. South Australian Aug-Sep
Do. Rosario Santa Fe 62 lbs... No sellers
Do. do Tone of Market at close ... ...
Wheat Red Graded American per cental—Oct ... 7 1 1-8
Do. Afloat to U. K. ... .
Do. Stock at U. S Ports ... ...

LONDON, Sept. 23.

SUGAR.

German Beetroot 88 p. c. F.O.B., Hamburg Sept. 9 8 1-4 Sellers
German Beetroot 88 p.c.F.O.B. Hamburg ...Oct.-Dec. 9 4 1-2 "
German Beetroot Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady
German Granulated C. and F. India (double bags)... .....
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags). Oct.-Dec— 12 9 "
German Closing Tone Market.. Steady.
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta...Jan.-Mar.—11 9 3-4 "
Austrian Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady.
Mauritius Crystals C I F Bom Sept 11 9
Do. do. Cal do .....
Mauritius Closing Tone of Market ... ...
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double bags) Sellers Jan.-Mar.— 13 8 1-4
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double Bags) ... ...
Do. Closing Tone of Market Steady

LONDON, Sept. 23

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Value. C.I.F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec 11 4 1-2 "
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar 11 7 1-2 "
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Oct.-Dec... 11 6 "
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Jan.-March ... 11 9 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Oct.-Dec... 12 4 1-2 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan.-March .. 12 7 1-2 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Oct.-Dec .. 12 6 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi Jan.-March.... 12 9
Closing Tone of Market ...Quiet. Though prices show higher tendency.
Special Feature ... ... do

LONDON, Sept. 23.

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	74	0	0
Copper Best English Selected ...	79	15	0
Copper Brazers	88	10	0
Copper Tone of Market— ...	Firm.		
Hard Spelter	19	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool ...	195	0	0
Yellow Metal ...	7	7-16	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C, G O B 1 p. c. F O B L'pool	10	15	0
Tone of Steel Market—Steady.			
Silver, Spot	28 9-16		
Silver 2 months hence	28 3-8		
Silver Tone of Market... ...	Quiet.		
Silver Special Feature	.....		

LONDON, Sept. 23.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ...	28 9 16
Silver 2 Months ...	28 3-8
Silver Closing Tone of Market—Quiet.	
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market	.....
Rentes 3 p. c....	£ 83 1-4
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. Ex Div...	£ 73 7-8
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ 89 1-2
Sterling loan	£
Govt. Securities 2 p. c. ...	£ 76 1-2
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...	£ 63 3 4
Bar Gold per oz. st ...	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market	... .
Closing Tone of Finance Market	.....
Bank of England Rate of Discount	4 1-2 p.c.
Exchange on India 90 Days Sight ...	1 3 15 16
London at Paris Fcs. ...	25 25
Berlin cheques on London Mks	20·41
New York (Demand Bills)	4·85 7-8
Interest day to day loans 2 1-2 Do. 7 days Market loans	2 7-32
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight ...	4 1-16
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight ...	4 7-16
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	4 7-8

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

BANKS.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld.	100	100	18 p c	365
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 "	283
Bank of Bombay...	500	500	13 "	1165
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 "	67½
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 "	171
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 "	140
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 "	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 "	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 "	13
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	175
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	61½
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	14
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		30½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£60
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 "	56
Mercantile Bank(a)	25	12-10	8 "	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 "	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	d125	d.125	£ 4	£87½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ "	615

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500		92
Alliance ...	1000	1000	25	0
Ajoor Mfg ...	200	200	...	75
Bombay Cotton Mfg ...	500	500	40	237½
Bombay Dyeing and M Co ...	250	250	15	745
Bombay United ...	250	250	25	523
Century ...	100	100	3	260
Central India ...	500	500	70	205
China ...	1000	1000	...	687
Chho Silk ...	500	500	20	425
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1475
Coronation Mill ...	500	500	...	400
Connaught ...	300	300	...	175
Coorla ...	1000	1000	40	700
Crescent ...	100	100	20	130
Currimbhoy ...	250	250	12½	260
Crowe ...	500	500	20	500
David ...	450	250	40	577½
Emperor Edward...	500	500	10	500
Empress ...	500	500	...	145
Edward Sassoon Mill ...	200	200	6	190
Fazulbhoy ...	250	250	15	617½
Framji Petit ...	1000	1000	25	1630
Finlay Mills ...	250	250	10	333½
Ged Mohur ...	500	500	yr. 20	475
Hindustan ...	1000	1000	25	660
Hyderabad ...	500	500	15	400
Imperial Cotton ...	1000	1000	40	1200
Indian Mfg ...	500	500	...	110
Indo-China Mfg ...	1000	1000	...	460
James Greaves ...	500	500	60	1000
Jamshed Mfg ...	250	250	...	200
Jivraj Baloo ...	1000	1000	5	135
Jubilee Mills ...	1000	1000	...	420
Khandesh ...	1000	619	...	260
Khatow Makonjee...	1000	1000	25	550
Kohinoor ...	1000	1000	45	1390
Leopold ...	500	500	15	777½
Lakshmi Cotton ...	1000	1000	...	...
Madras United ...	1000	1000	yr. 100	1445
Madhavji Dharamsay ...	500	500	50	2175
Manockji Petit ...	1000	1000	65	d 1350x
Morarji Goculdas ...	1000	1000	80	3070
Mysore Spinning...	250	250	60	3200
Mysore Spinning...	80	80	...	50
Moon ...	1000	1000	...	...
New Great Eastern ...	200	200	...	100
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	6	237½
Phoenix ...	100	100	35	1040
Presidency ...	1000	1000	6	162½
Sassoon Cotton ...	1000	1000	...	200
Sas oon Silk ...	500	500	50	727½
Sholapur ...	100	100	yr. 35	350
S Mahratha ...	250	250	125	4800
Standard Mills ...	500	500	15	574
Swan ...	250	250	25	1330
Sun ...	250	250	Nil	115
Swan ...	250	250	10	282½
Sondesh ...	500	500	25	1580
Textile ...	500	500	20	185
Vishnu Cotton ...	600	500	Nil	470
do P	500	500	Nil	0
Western India ...	1000	1000	25	645

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar ...	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi)...	1100	1100	45	325
Bombay Cotton ...	125	125	15	35
Breul's Cawnpore...	200	200	6 p c	128
Broach City ...	200	200	14	170
Fort	475	475	22 1-2	1230
Godavery Valley...	100	100	6	...
Harvey and Sabbapatty ...	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P and M	250	250	15	...
Hingolee ...	100	100	6 p c	80
Indian Cotton ...	125	125	10	132½
Jamna Gin and Pressing Co ...	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum	400	400	9 p c	300
Mahomedpura Cotton ...	125	125	7 1-2	...
Mahva... ...	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile ...	125	125	nil	21
Manmar Mfg ...	250	250	15	240
New East India ...	1000	1000	75	830
New Mofussil Co...	400	400	80	880
New Berar ...	500	500	40	550
New Prince of Wales ...	500	500	8	755
Oomri	100	112	nil	...
Parbhany	100	100	10	...
Sind	400	400	30	650
Surat City ...	200	200	20	245
Voltart U P Co. Ld	500	500	50	67
Wadhwan G and P	150	150	12	N

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Ry	500	500	8 p c	670
Amritsar-Patty ...	100	100	6 "	109
Sindh Light Rys L1 (Mirpur Khas...	100	100	6 "	15p
Jhudo Feeder) ...				
Do. Mpur Khas—Khadro Feeder...	100	100	...	
Tapti Valley Ry Co.	500	500	45 "	581
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	100	8½ "	132
Central Provinces...	25	14	...	92
Gujrat Railway ...	100	16	...	118

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown and Co ...	100	100	8 p. c.	156
All India Ut. Co. Ld	100	20	5 "	12½
Bamanhua	10	10	...	4
Back Bay Bath ...	50	50	6 p. c.	28
Badham Pile... ...	70	70	7 p. c.	93
Baroda Tram. Co...	100	100	4 p. c.	60
Bombay Burmah T. Corpn	125	125	15 p. c.	675
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co Ld...	210	210	Nil	185
Do. do P	210	210	6 p. c.	174
Bombay Ice Mfg ...	100	100	4 p. c.	17½
Bombay Flour Mill ...	500	500	20	230
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p. c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co. O.	250	250	7-8	22½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	275
Central I. M. Co., Ld	10	10	8½	27½
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	100
Empire of I. L. A...	500	50	20 p. c.	20
John Roberts and Co...	100	100	5 p. c.	200
Josts Fans Supply Co...	10	100	10 p.c.	205
Kemp and Co	200	175	12½ "	175
Karachi Landing .	200	75	12	115
Marcks and Co ...	100	100	8	101
Maralad Price and Co ... ... O	100	10	4 p. c.	99
Do. do P	100	100	7 p. c.	73
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co	200	50	20 p. c.	102½
Oriental Mining ...	...	...	...	...
Phillips and Co ...	40	40	10 p.c.	38
Port Canning Co...	1000	1000	yr. 42	825
Shivrajpore Sya... etc.	10	10	...	21½
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co	100	100	...	...
Soundy and Co ...	100	100	5	70 x 0
Tata I. St. Co. D. O.	100	100	...	2d
Tata I. St. Co. D. Ld ...	85	85	...	88
Thacker and Co ...	80	80	...	178
Tephone Co	150	150	...	173
Treasher and Co ...	50	50	30 p.c	215½
Treasher and Co ...	25	25	yr. 80	510

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES. REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E. V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 25th September, 1913.

923. Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class will parade every Mondays,

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

RACER INSURED.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The colt Tetrarch has been insured at Lloyd's against inability to run in the Derby of 1914 at the rate of 25 per cent.—Reuter.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

ST. ANDREW'S DISAPPROVES INCLUSION OF GOLF.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The Royal and Ancient Club of St. Andrew's has disapproved of the inclusion of golf in the Olympic Games.—Reuter.

PREPARATION SCHEMES FOR WRESTLING AND GYMNASTICS.

The Olympic Games Committee have issued the suggested schemes to the National Amateur Wrestling Association, the Amateur Gymnastic Association, and the Clay Bird Shooting Association, in connection with the preparation of athletes for the Olympic Games at Berlin in 1916.

The National Amateur Wrestling Association, in its scheme, suggests the development of a higher standard of technical efficiency, the utilisation of much of the fine raw material as yet unused, and an improvement in physical training and preparation.

The Amateur Gymnastic Association states that the maximum number of competitors should be entered in the team events and individual competitions, and that in preparing for there items arrangements could be made for special displays. Arrangements would be made for the use of gymnasium halls fitted with the necessary apparatus and conveniently situated in the several centres to enable those nominated in, or near any particular district, periodically to practise together. Combined practices would also be held at intervals, which all would be expected to attend. It is suggested that the annual competition between England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, taking the form of a team contest between the four countries, could be revived, thus enabling the picked gymnasts, say, six or eight from each country, to be brought together in keen competition, with officials present carefully to note the whole of the work. Exceptional opportunities would thus be afforded for the discovery of fresh talent.

The Clay Bird Shooting Association suggest that for the discovery and encouragement of fresh talent, a matter to be undertaken as promptly as possible, it would be desirable to institute a system whereby the monthly percentage averages of the best shooters at the grounds of the affiliated clubs should be codified for periods in each year, say of three months. Shooters who, during this period, qualify with a specified minimum percentage of kills, should then be eligible to shoot annually in a match, preferably in London. In that way the best shots from the various clubs could be brought together once a year, so that their form should be gauged with accuracy.

WORLD'S GOLF RECORD.

George Duncan and C. H. Mayo were both in great form at the open golf championship of the Lake of Lucerne, of which the first half was played on the Axenfels links one day in mail week and the second on the Sonnenberg course, Lucerne, on the following day. At Axenfels Duncan won the first prize with a score of 118 for 36 holes, Mayo being second with 124. The Hanger Hill man also established in the afternoon an 18 hole record for the course. His wonderfully consistent figures were Out—4 4 4 3 3 3 2 3 2, equals 28; In—3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3, equals 28; total for the 18 holes 56.

At Sonnenberg, with rounds of 71 each, both Duncan and Mayo broke the record for the course. The championship of the lake went to Duncan, the best professional combined scores for the two courses being: Duncan, 118 plus 145—263; Mayo, 124 plus 143—267.

It is stated, according to the Paris edition of the "New York Herald," that the two rounds of 28 made on the Axenfels nine-hole links by Duncan constitute a world's record, such a score for two successive rounds never having been equalled.

ENGLISH WINS AT BERLIN.

English runners won three out of four events for which they entered at the international Olympic contests of the Berlin Sport Club, taking the first, second, and third places in one event. The four events resulted as follows:—

400 metres (about 440 yards)—Nicol (Polytechnic Harriers), 1; Hermann (Berlin), 2. Time: 49 1-2 sec.

100 metres—Barker (England), 1; Darcy (England), 2; Applegarth (England), 3. Time: 10 9-10sec.

400 metres relay race, four men to the team—Berlin Sport Club, 1; Polytechnic Harriers (Barker, Nicol, Darcy, and Applegarth), 2. Time: 44sec.

200 metres—Applegarth, 1; Darcy, ; Kern (Munich), 3. Time: 21 9-10sec. This beat the German record of 22sec, held by Rau Hutson, who, owing to an injured foot, was unable to compete.

DEATH OF NORTHEAST.

Northeast, winner of the Paris Grand Prix in 1908, when he put up a record in the matter of time which was only beaten this year by Bruleur, has just died at Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt's stud farm, where he returned a few weeks ago after a season at the haras of Saint-Lucien. The dead stallion's career as a two-year-old and three-year-old, which culminated in his victory in the Grand Prix, was excellent, and his early death is a great loss to Mr. Vanderbilt and to the French breeding world.

BILLINGTON'S VICTORY.

David Billington, the English swimmer, won his match with Pouille'y at Magic City, Paris, beating the French 100-metre champion by a fifth of a second. Pouilley led until about five yards from the finish, where Billington caught him and passed ahead. The time for the 100 metres was 1 min. 24 secs.

DURAND TOURNAMENT.

PLAY IN THE SECOND ROUND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 24.

The second round of the Durand football tournament was continued to-day, when the Royal Scots, the holders of the cup, met the 3rd K. R. Rifles. A large crowd was present and an excellent game was witnessed, High class football was displayed, the best so far in the tournament. The teams were fairly well matched, though the Scots were slightly superior, and played very classy football. The 3rd Kings were also a very good team but had not the same control over the ball as the Scots, and lacked the same finish. Too much passing in front of the goal kept the Kings from winning a sure game. The Scots had, if anything, slightly the better of the first half and early in the game Francis scored a very clever goal for them, the ball lodging in the corner of the net and giving the Kings' goalkeeper no chance. The Kings tried hard to equalise, but the Scots' defence was very good, the backs, Smith and Hoyle, being brilliant. In the last ten minutes of the first half, the Kings pressed very hard.

Play in the second half was very exciting. The Scots had the better of the exchanges for the first ten minutes, but their shots were very erratic. The Kings had one or two good chances, but fumbled in front of the goal. A few minutes after the commencement, Hastie, the centre forward of the Scots, sprained his ankle and left the field. The Scots were now playing at a disadvantage, but their defence was equal to keeping the Kings from scoring the winning goal. The Scots played for a draw and lost as much time as possible by kicking, and once or twice got dangerous, but with four forwards were unable to penetrate the Kings' defence. During the closing stages, the Kings pressed very hard, but failed to score. Extra time was played. The Scots, at a disadvantage with ten men, the Kings pressed throughout, but the referee pulled them up each time they looked like scoring for off-side.

The final stage was entered upon with no addition to the score. The Scots' goalkeeper saved two very good shots at the end, and the game ended in a draw.

The teams were:—

ROYAL SCOTS—(Goal) Johnson; (backs) Smith and Hoyle; (halves) Watson, Dunlop and Thompson; (forwards) McCobe, Balton, Hastie, Francis and Thomson.

KING'S RIFLES:—(Goal) Haley, (backs) McRae and Beale, (halves) Lowe, Clay and Tuck, (forwards) Rowell, Skevington, Smith, Shaw and Smith.

REFEREE:—Captain Impey.

The second game which was between the Rifle Brigade and the 4th King's Royal Rifles, was very tame, and neither side played classy football. The exchanges were very even throughout, but the Kings were superior in front of goal. The first half ended in a draw (no score all). In the second half, many chances were lost on both sides. Cotton, the centre forward of the Kings, obtained two goals in quick succession from this to the end. The Rifle Brigade had the better of the game, but threw away several chances by bad shooting. Sheppard, the goalkeeper of the Kings, played a superb game and stopped every straight one.

Result:—

Kings ..... 2 goals.
Rifle Brigade ..... nil.

The teams were:—

4TH KING'S ROYAL RIFLES:—(Goal) Sheppard, (backs) Wallace and Hampson; (halves) Jones, Morrel and Eyes; (forwards) Wilcox, James, Cotton, Fitzgerald, and Killaine.

RIFLE BRIGADE:—(Goal) Harrington; (backs) Loversuch and Hard; (halves) Jewell, Saunders and Woolf; (forwards) Bolton, Vesey, Oates, Atkins and Perton.

ARGYLES BEAT WEST RIDINGS IN REPLAY.

The Argyles and West Ridings played off their draw this morning, the former coming out victorious by three goals to one.

The Argyles held the upper-hand throughout, having adopted themselves to the hard ground. The first-half was barren of result, though the Argyles' forwards had many opportunities of scoring.

Early in the second half Payne got through on his own and beat Heap with a high shot. The Argyles continued to press, and McDonald, on the right wing, wound up an excellent individual run by adding a second goal. The Ridings then made a gallant effort, and Thompson was often called upon to save. The forwards got away together, and Austin who played inside left reduced the lead of the Argyles by a goal. Thus encouraged, they tried hard to equalise, but Thompson kept them out. Just before the end Paynke added a third goal for the Argyles, who thus won by three goals to one.

MORAN KNOCKS OUT PALZER

Moran knocked out Palzer in the seventh round of their scheduled ten-rounds bout at the St. Nicholas A. C. New York. A big crowd was present to witness the contest.

Jack Johnson, in an interview when informed that Al Palzer had been knocked out by Moran, declared that he would not now meet Palzer. "I will try to arrange a fight with Moran instead," he said, "Palzer should have waited and fought me in Paris. He would have made a lot of money out of the fight even if I had beaten him."

Johnson contradicted a report that he was to meet Sam Langford in Paris at the end of the year.

The well-known Polytechnic cyclist, W. J. Bailey, one of England's most foremost wheelers, who so recently at Berlin carried off the world's amateur 1,000 metres championship, sailed in mail week on board the steamship "Olympic" for the United States, where he intends to ride in future.

When he disembarked W. S. Bird at Scarborough in mail week Hime accomplished the fourteenth Hawke Cup swim, the first man to take that honour three times in succession. [illegible] long race in Yorkshire from the sea [illegible]

POONA RACES.

GOOD SPORT AND A PLEASANT DAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 24.

The second day's racing at the second Poona meeting drew quite a good crowd yesterday for mid week fixture, and the day was notable for some good finishes and two or three totalisator dividends of comfortable size.

The most exciting race was reserved till the end of the day, when in the Bedouin Plate, Dhaman, the winner of the Governor's Cup, had a fine tussle all up the straight with Terror, Dhaman eventually winning by a head only. The meeting opened well with the Aga Shamshuddin Plate, which saw a good bunch going well together into the straight. Keerit and Punt looked like fighting it out, when Dalmatia put on a big sprint at the finish and won well by two lengths. The steeplechase, the Deccan Plate, which was next on the card was also a good race, General Obaidulla Khan's Parkhill beating Captain Kenworthy's Sholto by half a length only.

As for dividends Mat Hot Baig in the Lawn Plate returned his supporters Rs. 211, Fyzabad paid out Rs. 174—8 in the Assaye Plate, and a winning ticket on Grey Ghost in the Khandala Plate was worth Rs. 85.

Details:—

AGA SHAMSHUDIN PLATE—7 furlongs:—

Mr A S Comer's Dalmatia, 8st 8lbs ..... Digby 1
Mr R R's Keerit, 8st 7lbs.....Brown 2
H H the Jam Saheb's Punt, 9st 8lbs ..... Hill 3

ALSO RAN:—Paul Pry, 8st 12lbs; Hoppner, 8st 10lbs; Lumination, 8st 5lbs; almsey, 8st 2lbs; Sugar Loaf, 7st 7lbs; Forfeit, 7st 6lbs; Refresher, 7st 5lbs.

THE RACE Paul Grey and Hoppner in company showed away to a packed field. At the sixth furlong Keerit passed the leaders, but was immediately joined by Paul Pry, and Lumination, with Punt and Sugar Loaf close up. Keerit led into the straight, but just below the distance Dalmatia came full of running and passed the others and won easily by two lengths, a neck between second and third.

TIME:—1 min 30 secs.

Tote paid Rs 34 1-2 for win, Rs 16, Rs 20 1-2 and Rs 29 1-2 for places.

DECCAN PLATE:—About 2 miles, over 8 flights.

Genl Nawbazada Obaidulla Khan's Parkhill, 12st 7lbs .....Capt Butler 1
Capt Kenworthy's Sholto, 9st ..... A Hoyt 2
Mr Goff's Berroll, 9st 12lb.....A Scott 3

ALSO RAN:—Bambino 10st 8lb; Highwood, 9st.

THE RACE:—Sholto was at once taken to the front and made pace, Cracken, Parkhill, Berrol and Bambino together racing next for a furlong. When the first named went after the leader at the mile, Sholto was half a furlong in front, but was steadied at six furlongs. He kept his position, however, to the last hurdle where Parkhill joined issue, and in a good race home won by half a length; five lengths between second and third.

TIME:—3 min 58 secs.

Tote paid Rs 21 for win and Rs. 13 and Re. 18½ for places.

ASSAYE PLATE, one mile.

Mr Togood's Fyzabad, 8st 5lbMcGlone 1
Captain A W Malony's Hayne, 9-5... Capt Butler 2
Capt B Egerton's Longboat, 9-1..Ruiz 3

ALSO RAN:—Castaway, 10-5, Principal, 10-4, The Tetrarch, 9-10, (covered 9-11), Nimar, 9-2, Amcod, 8-12, Little King 8-10, Sadee Beg, 7-12, (covered 8-4.)

THE RACE:—Little King made the running out in front with Aden, Longboat and Fyzabad in line next. This was the order to the bend, where Little King fell away, giving place to Fyzabad who had the measure of Aden up the straight and won by 1 1-2 lengths; 1 1-4 lengths between second and third.

TIME.—2 min 32 secs.

Tote paid Rs 174 1-2 for win and Rs 34 1-2, Rs 39 1-2 and Rs 22 for places.

KHANDALA PLATE, 1 1-4 miles.

Messrs A K Dakayeel and Abdul Aziz Mekenzie's Grey Ghost II, 8st. 12lbs .....Purtoo Singh 1
Capt Goldie and Mr Wilson's Sweden 9-4, ... Brown 2
Mr A S Comer's British King, 8-10, ... Hill 3

ALSO RAN:—Trustee, 9-11; France, 9-5; Mysore, 8-11; Kakab, 8-4; Good Success, 8-2; Last Chance, 7-13; Ajmer, 7-13; Welcome, 7-8.

THE RACE:—Welcome was quickest away and led Grey Ghost, Kakaband Good Success. At five furlongs, Good Success fell back and at three furlongs, Sweden came into second place. Entering the straight, Welcome was passed by Grey Ghost, and just below the distance Sweden challenged, but in good finish. The former lasted out 1 1-2 lenghts; 8 lenghts between second and third.

TIME:—2 min. 24 secs.

Tote paid Rs 85 for win and Rs 22, Rs 24 and Rs 91 1-2 for places.

STEWARDS' PURSE, 1 1-2 miles.

Mr M Goculdas's Picnic 9st 6lbs ..A Hoyt 1
Mr Gussy's Valerius, 9st 10lbs.....A Ferguson 2
Mr R R's St Gilgen 7st 13lbs (carried 8st) .....Brown 3

ALSO RAN: Mil 9st 11b; Flying Fish, 7st 10lbs; Silver Memory, 6st (carried 6st 6lbs); Vancouver, 6st.

THE RACE:—Silver Memory gave a lot of trouble at the post, but they got off to a good start. Picnic going to the front followed in order by Mil, St Gilgin and the others a long way back, running in bunch at the half mile. The field closed on the leader, Valerius coming into second place which he improved when entering the straight and got on terms with the leaders, but at the distance Picnic drew clear again and won comfortably by 1 1-2 lengths; 2 lengths between second and third.

Time—2 min. 43 secs.

Tote paid Rs 32-8 for win and Rs. 19 1-2 and Rs. 24 1-2 for places.

LAWN PLATE.—about 5 furlongs.

Mr. T. Harrison's Mat Hat Baig, 6st, ... Harrison 1
Mr. R. R's Pendil, 9st 8lbs.....Brown 2
Mr. M. Goculdas's Kimberley, 7st 4lbs ..... Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN.—Polish, 9st; Chocolate, 8st 12lbs; Kaiser, Malish, 8st 12lbs; Mollycoddle, 8st; other; Rebarn, 8st; Millicent, 7st; also (carried 7st 8lbs): Zigomar, 6st 7lbs; Mansal, 6st (carried 6st 8lbs); Flying Machine, 6st (carried 6st 8lbs).

THE RACE:—Mansal was badly left, Zoolphikar from the outside getting the best of the start. He was immediately joined by Pendil on the Rails and Flying Machine. These three made the running to the bend with the others close up. Pendil showed out in the straight but at the distance Mat Hat Baig came with a rush and going strongly won a good race by a length; a head between second and third.

TIME:—1 min. 9 2-5 secs.

TOTE paid Rs. 211 for win and Rs. 15 1-2, Rs. 45 1-2 and Rs. 65 for places.

BEDOUIN PLATE, 1 1-4 miles.

Mr R R's Dhaman, 9st 7lbs ...Brown 1
Mr Dara Cowasji's Terror, 7st 10lbs (carried 7st 11lbs) .....Ames 2
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's Singer, 7st 12lbs .....Bowley 3

ALSO RAN:—Sir Knight, 8st 11lbs; Regent 8st 10lbs, Rozelmulook 8st 6lbs, Gowahajmer 8st 2lbs, Thaboor 7st 10lbs Valens 7st 5lbs, Gahard 6st 13lbs (carried 7st 11b), Duhallow 6st 5lbs.

Rozelmulook and Regent got away in front and led Thaboor to 6 furlongs where the field began to close up. At the half mile, Terror and Singer moved up. While rounding the bend Dhaman came into second place alongside Terror. These two fought out a fine finish up the straight, Dhaman winning by a head; two lengths between second and third.

Tote paid Rs. 54½ for win and Rs. 21 Rs. 18½ and Rs. 28 for places.

Times.—2 min 30 secs.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

SUCCESSFUL FINAL MEETING.

On Wednesday the last weekly meeting took place. The annual meeting is fixed for October 14th, 16th and 18th.

The entries were good and there was a large audience.

Tent Pegging.—Horses and ponies. Marks for style and pace. Triple pegs.

At the first attempt Wallace took all three pegs, Baird, Lovis and Landon two and Todd one: Webster, Saville and Aylward missing. The latter gave a little wild west show on a pony which had previously given a display of fancy bucking with another of our rough riders.

At the second try, Wallace took 2 pegs, Baird, Lovis, Landon and Aylward missed. Webster one, Todd two and Saville three; the two latter not getting up much pace.

Result:—

Wallace 1
Saville 2
Todd 3

Gretna Green Stakes.—(Ladies nomination). Men will run leading two horses to their partners. They will then both mount and ride horse both holding a tape. If either of them lets go of the tape they will be disqualified Marks will be divided.

There were three entries for this event, Mrs. Saville and Mr. Saville, Mrs Turner Green and Mr. Webster, Mrs. W. H. Hughes and Mr. Aylward.

Aylward got down first, his horses leading well, and getting his partner up, they won comfortably.

Mrs. Turner and Mr. Webster lost their tape.

Result:—

Winner:—Mrs. Hughes and Mr. Aylward.

Led Horse Jumping.—Seven entries. Todd and Wallace both went round very well indeed. Pearson leading an unwilling victim touched the first hurdle.

Morris touched the first two, his lead pulling away and getting away altogether at the third.

Webster did not do well at the first two jumps. A Kennedy touched the first but took the other two most excellently.

Baird did very badly at the third.

Todd and Kennedy jumped again. Kennedy's mount requiring to be worked up to great speed before jumping well, his lead did not agree but he held on well.

Result:—

Todd 1
Kennedy 2

V. C. Race.—Competitors to ride the horse including a fence, rescue dummies and return over fence and course.

Brownrigg got round first and away first, but he was overhauled by Saville.

The band, all playing at their own sweet will, made a terrific din which the horses didn't seem to mind. Aylward was not allowed to mount, his pony doing a cake walk.

Result:—

Saville 1
Brownrigg 2
Morris 3

Scurry.—There was an excellent finish between Landon and Colonel Marshall.

Result:—

Landon on Peggy 1
Colonel Marshall 2
Pearson on Buccaneer 3

Whistling Coon Stakes.—At the starting post each rider will be given the name of a popular tune. He will ride the course, dismount, hand his horse to syce, go up to a line facing his nominatrix, and whistle his tune. The Lady will write the name of what she believes to be the tune whistled by her nominee, on a piece of paper and hand it to him, when he will remount and return over the course. First home with correct name of tune wins.

Kennedy reached his partner, Mrs. Hughes first and whistled Auld Lang Syne in great style. He forgot to take his paper with him however and was disqualified.

Brownrigg, who finished second, consequently for first prize for his partner Mrs. Hogg.

The following are the points scored on the Leason's Aggregate.

	Points.
Pearson	58
Brownrigg	42
Wallace	33
Aylward	32
Saville	26
Baird	19
C. S. C. Kennedy	18
Todd	14

The cup for the cosmic points in the [illegible] was won by Mrs. Hughes with [illegible] W. H. Hughes, [illegible] Mrs. Hogg.

FOOTBALL.

SHERWOOD FORESTERS DRAW WITH BOMBAY ATHLETICS.

What was nominally a regimental team of the Sherwood Foresters turned out to play the Bombay Athletic Club on the Cooperage, yesterday evening, in one of the closing games of the Harwood League. The representative eleven of the regiment is at present away in Poona doing battle in the Harris Tournament. A good many of the military in yesterday's game were, therefore, new to the League. It was the last game that the Sherwoods were down to play.

The Athletics had a fairly strong and representative side out. Rochley in goal did very well and saved the eleven from defeat on more than one occasion. At the other end Johnson also did well. Taken altogether, the exchanges were rather in favour of the Athletics who deserved to score more than once.

THE GAME.

The Sherwoods kicked off defending the bandstand goal. They immediately made a rush which took them within shooting distance. Templeton cleared. Rochley was called upon to kick clear once or twice and Morris then took the ball up the left wing of the Athletics but lost possession by the corner flag. A corner to military was followed by a shot from Raven which Rochley cleared well. A Rochley made a run for the Athletics and called upon the military custodian. Some good passing between Brewin and Robinson kept them up till the Sherwoods were given a free kick. Raven of the military put in a long shot.

Play was confined to mid-field for some time, neither side making any appreciable advance. The Sherwoods were twice given off-side. Eventually Rochley made a run down the wing for the Athletics and put a pass across the goalmouth.

Two Athletic forwards were up but both missed the opportunity. The military then had a turn and Mills put the ball well across to the left wing, where the outside left was given off side. Thompson made a run and Rochley cleared the ball neatly.

The first half ended:—

Sherwood Foresters ..... nil
Bombay Athletic Club, ... nil

THE SECOND HALF.

After the Sherwood's had attacked the Athletics got down on the right wing and A. Rochley put in a strong centre that was a little too far forward for Templeton to get too. Soon after however, Rochley again put the ball across and Morris getting his foot to it struck the side of the net with a shot that deserved better success. Knight tried a shot from some way out. Rochley once more got away and shot straight. The B. A. C. were during quite a lot of pressing. Clifton twice cleared well. Another combined movement resulted in Templeton rushing the ball along. Clifton came out of goal just in time to clear.

The game swinging to the other end, Cook put a strong shot into Rochley's hands. The custodian threw the sphere over a charging forward's head and the backs cleared. The Athletics got away and Rochley and Templeton getting along together looked like scoring. Clifton kept his lead and saved the situation.

Rochley presently made another run and Clifton had considerable difficulty in saving his shot. A corner resulted. The kick was well placed and hands were loudly claimed without effect. Soon after Clifton brought off a good save.

The military made a run that finished off with a fine shot. Rochley did well to save. The game swung backwards and forwards, each side in turn getting to close quarters. The goalkeepers both had plenty to do. Thompson of the millitary came away with a run and put in a low shot. Rochley was applauded for a good save.

The game ended:—

Sherwood Foresters..... nil.
Bombay Athletic Club.... nil.

HARWOOD LEAGUE TABLE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.
Sherwood Foresters ...	7	7	0	1	15
Sherwood Foresters 'A'..	7	6	1	0	12
R. G. Artillery ...	6	3	1	2	8
Bombay Gymkhana ...	7	3	2	2	8
Grant Medicals ...	7	3	3	1	7
Hornets ...	7	2	3	2	6
G. I. P. Railway ...	6	2	4	0	4
Bombay Athletic ...	8	1	5	2	4
All Blacks ...	8	0	8	0	0

HOME CRICKET IN 1913.

SUCCESSFUL WITHOUT BEING DRAMATIC.

The season of 1913 has been a successful one, without being in any sense of the word dramatic. After the triangular tournament a little domesticity was needed, and, as we won that tournament so easily, the following summer had not to be devoted to the task of putting our house in order. First let us note that in spite of the recent Lancashire breeze we have experienced a peaceful season. Good weather has made for good temper, and delays caused by rain invariably lead to wrangling of sorts.

Two very famous batsmen the public have not seen in 1913. I refer, of course, to C. B. Fry and R. H. Spooner. Fry is more than a leading batsman. He is—as far as any known method of comparison can settle such a question—the greatest athlete this country has ever produced, and his success in run-getting, like his other successes has been achieved on lines definitely and deliberately laid down by himself. Hayward about two months ago made his hundredth hundred in first-class cricet (the "Champion," we know, made as many as 128), and at the end of 1912 the number to C. B. Fry's account was ninety-two. It is not at all improbable that had Fry played regularly during the last four months his name would have been included in a select list of three. That honour, however, is doubtless to come.

Hampshire could afford the loss of Fry's bats better than most counties, and [illegible] Hampshire between have been rocks of [illegible] in the public eye. The position which Philip Mead occupies [illegible] Test Match [illegible] 1911 [illegible] week nine hundreds, and in festival cricket he had the chance to get one or two more.

The desperately consistent left-handed batsman is a rarity, and, despite Woolley's brilliancy, it is Mead who especially makes us think of the value of standing the wrong way when batting. Hampshire is the naval as well as the military county, and it is not surprising, therefore that it has been in Hampshire cricket that C. H. Abercrombie and L. H. Tennyson have distinguished themselves. It would mark an era in sailor cricket if next season Abercrombie were given a place in the Gentlemen's eleven at Lord's. He is quite good enough cricketer to play, in that match, nor is it unlikely that if he did play in it, he would have Tennyson as a colleague. It is at least worthy of note that the best professional bowlers of the day speak in the highest terms of praise of both these amateurs.

Equally as successful as Mead have been Hobbs, Woolley, George Gunn (I might add John Gunn), and J. W. Hearne. All are England cricketers, and so again one notes how very deservedly are batting reputations won. If we made the comparison a wide one to include all kinds of bowlers and "cricket in many climes," we should probably be agreed that Hobbs was the best batsman of the day. He has gone steadily ahead in the last five years, and as he is now only 30 years old, he may yet rank with Arthur Shrewsbury and with his own particular master, Hayward, in the pages of cricket history.

FINE BOWLING.

Even more satisfactory in the circumstances is the season's bowling. There has been some tall scoring, and many sides have spent long days in the field, but the leading bowlers have never shown the least tendency to go to pieces. Blythe, undoubtedly, is a great bowler and if the word artist is especially applicable to any of our leading professionals whose main object is to take wickets it is to Blythe. "He thinks them out" is an old expression, and it is often too carelessly used. To know the ball you want to bowl to a particular batsman, and to be able to bowl it as near as makes no matter is to be a bowling artist, and in that kind of performance Blythe excels. Tarrant, by the way, is another bowler of this type.

The Yorkshireman, Drake, is yet another left hander who has made a distinct advance, and he stands high on the list. Thompson and Relf have been as good as (perhaps better than) usual. Both have done any amount of work—a remark that also applies to Booth and Hitch, each of whom has taken more than 150 wickets. The fast left-handers, Dean and Hirst, have also kept their form, though the excellence of Drake and Booth has given the latter rather more rest than he gets during an ordinary season. Very well, too, has Huddleston bowled, and Fielder has been himself again.

At least four amateur bowlers have been prominent in the past season though two of them—N. J. Holloway (the old Cambridge Blue) and B. G. Melle (who got colours at Oxford in June)—have taken roughly only fifty wickets apiece. The other two—S. G. Smith and J. C. White—have played regularly. Smith we knew well before and his fine all-round cricket did much to keep Northants high on the list. White's efforts deserved a better fate. He played for a weak county, and he got far too little help. D. W. Carr, as usual, did not play till the end of July and he, of course, got men out when he did play.

The season of 1913 gives us in one respect rather unwelcome evidence. The amateur bowler is getting gradually eliminated, though, to be candid, if he is not actually committing suicide, he is not doing a great deal to avoid extinction. Generally speaking, the bowling feature of the summer has been provided by the further exploitation of the leg theory. The leg theory is more or less the logical outcome of a practical and a healthy demand. The off-theory was "may"; the leg theory is "must." Its tactical value is obvious enough.

You make your batsman play at the ball in a more or less cramped position; you force him to use his bat in such a way that its utility is hampered by its proximity to his body. You hope for a weak stroke in consequence, and you place two, three or four fieldsmen near the striker in readiness to take advantage of that weak stroke.

FIELDING.

Fielding in 1913 has, as far as we can judge, shown some improvement, but there is still room for more. Of course, the majority of mistakes are still made in the slips and, unless appearances are very deceptive, unreadiness is the most prolific cause of error. It has been well said that the easy catch is the catch for which you are prepared, and to be really prepared for a catch in the slips obviously means considerable strain.—Major Philip Trevor in the "Daily Telegraph."

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A GREAT CRICKETER.

RETIREMENT OF SCHOFIELD HAIGH.

Schofield Haigh's connection with Yorkshire cricket has come, officially to an end. He has accepted the post of coach at Winchester College, and the world of first class cricket, therefore, will know him as a player no more.

The special cricket representative of the "Yorkshire Post" pays a splendid tribute to Haigh's invaluable services to Yorkshire. As a bowler, says the writer, there is not at present in the Yorkshire eleven a medium-pace right-arm player who can produce Haigh's finger-spin and hit the wicket with the deadly off-break as he used to do. As a batsman, there is no one more capable than he of going in late in an innings and knocking up an urgently needed fifty. As a sportsman, there is no one more cheery and great-hearted. When Haigh had his benefit four years ago, Lord Hawke, in a foreword, described him as "a great player; one who is known to smile even in the tightest of corners." It was an apt pen-stroke, and remained true to the man to the last.

EARLY DAYS.

Schofield Haigh learnt the rudiments of his cricket in his native village of Berry Brow, near Huddersfield, and his first club was connected with a Sunday school. Thence he was drafted into the ranks of the Armitage Bridge Club, an organisation which sent Robert Moorhouse, Charlesworth and others into the world of first class cricket. For his introduction into the wider sphere of professional cricket, Schofield Haigh had to thank the old Yorkshire stalwart, Louis Hall. The Batley cricketer had played against Haigh, and having been asked to recommend a professional for the Aberdeenshire Club his choice fell upon the youthful-looking Schofield, who, accordingly, in 1891, migrated to the Granite City for the purpose of adopting cricket as his livelihood.

Haigh remained three years at Aberdeen, and left there for Perth, where he served another two years and incidentally much enjoyed himself in reaping rich harvests of wickets among the batsmen who frequented the Inch. He was selected to play as a fast bowler for Scotland against Lancashire, and took seven wickets in an innings of 223 for 84 runs. That was in July, 1895.

A SPLENDID BEGINNING.

The performance was duly noted by the Yorkshire authorities. He received an invitation to play for his native county in the following week against Derbyshire at Derby, and on this, his first appearance for Yorkshire, he took seven wickets and scored innings of 25 and 36. Then he was engaged for the Leeds Club for the following year, and it was during that season (1896) that he fairly embarked upon his successful career as a first-class cricketer. He played against the Australians for Yorkshire, took eight wickets in the Colonials' second innings for 78 runs, and remained a member of the Yorkshire eleven until his retirement.

In Haigh's early years with Yorkshire he took too much out of himself in his attempt to succeed as a fast bowler. He took a long run, with a sort of hitch in the middle of it, and came down heavily with the left foot in delivering the ball. As a fast bowler his best performance was accomplished against Middlesex at Lord's, where he went through a very strong Middlesex batting side, and got them out for about 110 runs on a perfect wicket. It was regarded by the authorities at headquarters as the best bit of fast bowling seen from a young player at Lord's for some years, and on the strength of it Haigh received his first invitation to play for the Players v. the Gentlemen at the headquarters of the game.

UNPLAYABLE BACK-BREAK.

In the winter of 1899 he practised hard, with the result that he shortened and remodelled his bowling run, and so developed the off-break and the change of speed without apparent change of action that 1900 proved one of the very best of his bowling years. On a drying wicket he became recognised as one of the most dangerous right arm medium pace bowlers in the world. His real back break was unplayable. Pitched anything from two or three inches to a foot outside the off stump it would strike the leg stump practically every time—unless the batsman was lucky enough to anticipate the break and time it correctly.

Haigh three times performed the "hat" trick for Yorkshire—against Derbyshire in 1897, Somerset in 1902, and Lancashire in 1899. He headed the Yorkshire bowling averages in all matches in 1896, 1902, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1911, and 1912. His highest crop of wickets in an innings was nine for 25 against Gloucestershire at Leeds so recently as June, 1912, but perhaps his really best performance was that of taking seven wickets for 17 runs against Surrey in 1897. He also had a hand in the famous 13 runs match against Notts in 1901, four of the wickets falling to him for 8 runs.

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THE
Bombay Gazette
Thursday, 25th Sept. 1913.

LITIGATION IN INDIA.

A return relating to the administration of civil and criminal justice in India shows a growing resort to litigation, though perhaps only proportionate to the increase of population. In the Civil Courts the average number of suits instituted annually in the last five years was 1,992,569; but the total in 1911-12 was 2,043,407 as against 2,135,407 in 1910-11. Suits for money or movable property make up two-thirds of the total, and suits under the Rent Law more than half of the remainder. Some remarkable details are recorded, though the report, like most other official documents, is distinctly dull. It is shown that relatively to the population the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam is the most litigious province in India and the North-Western Frontier Province and Madras come next, the United Provinces being least litigious of all. Bombay is not conspicuously near either end of the return, having 6·6 cases per thousand of the population as compared with Eastern Bengal's 12·7 and the United Provinces, 3·8. It is found that the proportion which each class of suit bears to the total number instituted varies very widely in different provinces. Thus, in Burma suits for money or movable property are ninety per cent of the total number, whereas in Bengal the proportion is nearly forty per cent. On the other hand suits under the Rent Law are forty-nine per cent of the total number instituted in Bengal. Throughout India the suits instituted in 1910-11 involved a money value of over forty-one crores of rupees, while fifty-six per cent of the total number of suits were for amounts not exceeding simply fifty rupees, and 95 per cent of the whole were for sums not exceeding Rs. 500. In the Courts of Small Causes 269 154 cases were heard. Bombay seems best to appreciate these courts; for of the total the percentage is 37 per cent, whilst in Bengal it is nineteen, and in the Punjab only nine per cent of the suits for money or movable property.

Of the total number of suits disposed of during the year 83 per cent came to trial and the result indicates that the proportion of unjustified litigation is not high. In only six per cent the decision went entirely in favour of the defendant either by dismissal "ex parte" or by arbitration or by judgment for the defendant; the plaintiff, on the other hand, got a decree either in whole or part, or a compromise in 77 per cent. The result of appeals was a modification or reversal of decrees in 29 per cent of cases and dismissal in 65 per cent. It is gravely recorded that the average duration of suits varies much from year to year and in each province, that in Bombay during 1911 for contested cases being 419 days and for uncontested cases 185 days; whilst in the North-West Frontier Province the figures were 33 and 25 respectively. The duration of regular appeals from decrees is shown to be much greater, the average being 376 in Madras, 333 in Bombay, 324 in Eastern Bengal, and 224 in Bengal. The compiler of the report, of course, makes no attempt to explain these differences, but it would be interesting to know what is the explanation, whether climatic influences count for much and whether the personal equation in any way accounts for them, the quality of the law and the pains taken to arrive at a just conclusion necessarily being kept in view. In the pages concerning the administration of criminal justice we find that the average number of offences reported annually in the last five years was 1,439,307 in a population of 244,194,918 and the number of persons concerned was 1,831,229. In 1911-12 they amounted to 1,919,718 being 0·71 per cent of the population. Of these 952,818 were acquitted or discharged and 893,007 convicted, the others having died, escaped, or remained untried at the end of the year. The test of the relative criminality of the different provinces by the number of cases brought to trial is not at all creditable for Bombay; for it shows us second worst, Burma 81 criminals per ten thousand of the population, Bombay 80, whilst the Frontier Province, Madras, Punjab, Bengal, United Provinces and Central Provinces follow one another down until we come to Eastern Bengal with nineteen--Eastern Bengal upon which we have come to look as the home of the worst class of criminal.

Of 1,121,419 cases brought to trial in the year it is satisfactory to know that more than the half of them were concerned with offences against special and local laws—not really crimes—and of the remainder nearly two-thirds only were serious, that is to say, crimes affecting life which numbered 7,130; inflicting hurt 137,036; criminal force and assault 61,999, theft 75,314, and criminal trespass 50,982. From the provincial distribution it appears that crimes, of the three first classes, in the list mentioned above, are more numerous in Madras, the United Provinces, and the Punjab than elsewhere, but in proportion to the population are most rife in the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Bombay and Burma. The value of appeal in criminal cases is demonstrated by the fact that of the convicted persons appeals were lodged in 182,436 instances, being rejected in 66 per cent of the whole. In the case of 24,826 persons, or thirteen per cent the sentences were reversed or the proceedings quashed, while in the case of nine thousand persons a new trial was ordered, the sentences on 13,557 persons being reduced or otherwise altered, and sentences in the case of 289 persons enhanced by the Higher Courts. It is noticeable that the Mahomedan community contributes a disproportionately large number to the prison population. The most disproportionate criminality, however, is to be found among Buddhists, almost entirely Burmese, they being one in 8·7 of the prison population whereas they are only one in twenty-three of the general population. The European element in the Christian convict prison population is chiefly in Bengal and Bombay, and is in the main composed of soldiers and sea-faring men, while the Eurasians are principally in Bengal and Madras.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE. Probably the most interesting section of the Decennial Report recently issued is that dealing with the condition of the people. These reports are issued expressly for the purpose of exhibiting the moral and material progress and condition of the country but in the usual annual numbers the condition of the people cannot so well be described as in this as ten years afford a sufficiently long period for noting substantial changes and their effects. But the present blue-book shows a distinct falling off in its treatment in this highly important subject as compared with its predecessor of ten years ago. The latter contained what was called the Government of India's Review of the decade from the special point of view of the condition of the people which helped us considerably in many matters. This excellent review, which contained not a word too many and was confined to a bare dozen of folios disappears in the present report to our great regret. Nor is its place taken by the compiler's own remarks as to the condition of Indians generally. In the third decennial report published twenty years ago, Sir Athelstane Baines, the compiler, very properly made the chapter as it well deserved, not only the longest but also the most interesting of all. He gave in twenty illuminating pages essential information as to the state of agriculture, labouring, professional and other classes of the country, and then proceeded to treat the various provinces separately and give the local conditions of each. But the compiler of the present report has departed from the ways of his predecessors, and fills his chapter with the notes prepared by the various local Governments, each dealing with its own province.

These notes have been drawn up with a view to giving a general impression of the progress of the people and of the direction and importance of economic and other changes in each province; but they clearly do not serve the purpose of a review of the whole country. And even these provincial notes are of unequal value, some of the smaller administrations getting space which is out of all proportion to their size and importance. It is stated that some of the notes prepared are reproduced in a somewhat abbreviated form in view of considerations of space, and we find that the abbreviator's shears have fallen most heavily on the most important provinces. Bombay and Madras Presidencies get only three pages apiece while the tiny state of Coorg gets two, and British Baluchistan gets as much as Bombay and Madras put together. Surely the Bombay authorities must have furnished for the purposes of this report many more notes than those which fill the three pages allotted to one Presidency. But meagre as are the remarks on the condition of the people of this province they are highly interesting, and we only wish they were fuller and covered wider ground. We can glean of course much information concerning the state of the people in Bombay as in other provinces from the other chapters, but we rather expect a fuller summary on this particular head. We at least expect conformity of treatment for all the provinces; but while we have, for instance, sections on the rise of prices in Bengal, on the moral standard of the people in the United Provinces, on moral progress in the Punjab, on economic progress in the Central Provinces, for Bombay and Madras no such useful sections have been allotted. For moral progress in the Bombay Presidency we have the following terse and pregnant sentence: "the growth of independence of thought and action amongst most classes of the country has been the feature of the decade." This certainly whets the appetite for more but this is the last line of not only the chapter but of the blue book.

HOOLIGANISM IN CALCUTTA. We regret to find that Bombay men were implicated in the disgraceful disturbances in Calcutta which marked the close of the football week. We cannot claim for the youth of Bombay that it is invariably decorous in its behaviour, much less that it is altogether gentlemanly, but we were inclined to the belief that a Bombay man was somewhat better behaved than his brethren of Calcutta or Madras. However, the guest must emulate his host and so they have some slight excuse. At the same time we cannot forget that on similar occasions these brethren have joined our own youth in "ruckses" and have even molested the police in the execution of their duty. It cannot be denied that Saturday night's incident in Calcutta was distinctly a disgrace to our race. It is all very well for Mr. Eardley Norton, who defends the young men, to say "however foolish to us, older wiser heads, their frolic may have been they did nothing to bring a blush to the cheek of a gentleman," but Mr. Norton is speaking for himself. It is not necessary to do anything to bring a blush even to the cheek of a girl to be highly offensive to one's neighbours—and there is the test of good conduct. The tendency of young men of the present day is unfortunately in the direction of rowdyism and we have no sympathy whatever for those who have to pay for their "rag." If the actuating spirit had been "the good natured exuberance of footballers" it would have led them to the maidan where it might have had free vent without offence to anyone. Mr. Norton tells us the offenders were not hooligans; "after all they are young English gentlemen, a little out of hand after a period of vigorous self-denial" and he is certain that there is no one among them who would not like to express in public his regret for any annoyance he may have caused his neighbour. If disturbers of the peace are what Mr. Norton considers English gentlemen we think little of his opinion; and, though he says they would like to apologize, we notice that he admits he has no instructions to say so. An apology does not undo the mischief. Let them apologize by all means and amend their ways, but a magisterial punishment should come first and expulsion from their clubs second. Rowdyism is on the increase here as well as in Calcutta and has gone too far to be quelled by any but vigorous measures.

THE PROPOSED AUSTRALIAN VISIT. We are glad to know that Lord Willingdon has given such generous official encouragement to the proposal to invite a team of Australian cricketers to Bombay after they have fulfilled their engagements in Ceylon. Bombay may regard itself as the home of cricket in the East, and it will be unfortunate if a good team from Australia—and Mr. Waddy's latest report is that this one will be "very strong"—should come so close to India and should not include Bombay in its itinerary. Lord Willingdon's example should have a strong influence on the three gymkhanas which are still considering whether they are prepared to share in the expenses of the visit. If all we hear be true, however, there is no need for apprehension on the ground of finance, for should—which is not likely—one of the principal gymkhanas decide not to contribute, the interest which is taken amongst all the smaller clubs is so great, that every one which has a pitch of its own would be willing to give a small sum. This is handsome evidence of the hold which the game has taken on the native youth of the city, and of their desire to improve the standard of their play by studying the methods of the best players. In regard to the present project, however, they will do well not to be too sure, for we may remind them that it is not yet definitely decided whether the team will even go to Ceylon, and the Ceylon papers have lately allowed an element of doubt to creep into their writings on the subject.

The annual report on the administration of the Bombay Opium Department was issued last evening.

GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

INCREASE OF POPULATION.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.

The "Neue Statistische Jahrbuch fur das Deutsche Reich," which contains a great assortment of information on scientific and other subjects, enables us to draw comparisons between the increase of population that has taken place in the principal countries of Europe and the rest of the world; these figures are absolutely reliable, and are all based on the latest available statistics. In most cases, the census was taken in the year 1910 or 1911.

Of the various European Great Powers, Germany and Russia can show the greatest comparative increase of population. In the case of the German Empire, this amounts to 1·37 per cent. The relative increase is comparatively about the same in both countries, although Russia actually can show an increase of 1½ millions as compared with 850 thousand in Germany. Both in Austria-Hungary and England, the increase of population exceeds 1 per cent being in the case of the former country 1·13 per cent. and in the latter 1·03 per cent.

If we take Great Britain and Ireland together, however the increase only amounts to 0.87 per cent. as Scotland can only show an addition to the amount of 0·62 per cent. The low figures quoted for Ireland are principally caused by emigration, as is also the case with Italy, in which country the annual increase only amounts to 0.64 per cent. Here, too, the increase of population would be a far more rapid one, did not such large numbers of Italians leave the shores of their native country every year.

It is among those Balkan States on which the eyes of the world have so long been centered that we must look for the most rapid increase of population. For instance, the increase in Servia amounts to 1.40 per cent thus surpassing that of all the Great Powers, although the former country loses many of her sons every year by emigration. Here we have a number of young and energetic nations, which have hitherto remained unaffected by the evils of West European civilisation. Furthermore, these countries can boast of an unusually healthy climate.

As usual, the figures again record the slowest increase in population for France. The census taken in the latter country in the year 1911 only records an annual increase of 0.18 per cent. At the time of the Franco-Prussian War, France was just as densely populated as Germany; to-day we have 120 inhabitants to the Sq. Kilometer in Germany, whereas France cannot boast of quite 74 inhabitants in a like space.

In the more important of the American States the increase of population is approximately greater than in Europe; this, of course, is not so much the result of a natural increase arising out of the excess of births over deaths but is rather caused by immigration. If we bear in mind that the United States of America can show an annual increase of 1 million arising out of immigration we realise that the increase of population of 1.90 per cent recorded is none too high. If we deduct the necessary figures for immigration we see that the increase of population in the United States of America is considerably less than in Germany. The latest census shows that Canada has increased her population by more than 170, 000 inhabitants in a year which gives a percentage of 2¾. The annual increase shown for Mexico is far smaller and only amounts 1.6 per cent, and, it is probable that the continued disturbances which have afflicted that country during the last two years will have led to a far greater falling off. Of he great South American Republics, the Argentine Republic shows the greatest relative increase with 2.20 per cent; then follow Brazil with 1.89 per cent; and Chile with 1.50 per cent.

France has every reason to be contented with the increase of population recorded in her African Colonies, which in Algiers amounts annually to 1·23 per cent which is a decided improvement on the figures quoted for the mother country. Of Great Britain's South African Colonies, the Orange State shows the greatest increase with 4.36 per cent. then follow the Transvaal with 3·94 per cent. Natal with 1·03 per cent; and Cape Colony with 0.88 per cent; Furthermore the annual increase of population in Egypt which amounts to 1·48 per cent bears witness to the excellent manner in which this country is administered by England which has done so much for its welfare during the 30 years that the British occupation has lasted.

The most important of the British Colonies in Asia shows a less satisfactory increase of population than do the African ones. The last census shows that British India can only point to an annual increase of 0.68 during the year in question, which was 1911. But the absolute increase of inhabitants in this gigantic Empire still forms a right imposing figure, amounting annually to two millions. Java, too, can show a considerable increase of population amounting annually to 270,000, or 92 per cent Japan's census records an increase for 1908 of 1.28 per cent. thus only slightly falling behind that of Germany. The density of population in the former country, which amounts to 135 souls per Sq. Kilo. even exceeds that of Germany.

Finally, the census of 1911 shows that the population of the British Dominions in Australia is increasing in a highly satisfactory manner. The Commonwealth of Australia can claim an annual increase of population of 1¾ per cent and that of New Zealand of 2½ per cent Nevertheless, Australia still remains very sparsely populated. In the Commonwealth there are only 0.58 persons to the Sq. Kilometer, so that every Australian has nearly 2 Sq. Kilometers for himself. In New Zealand there are 3·72 inhabitants to the Sq. Kilometer, so that the latter country is six times as densely populated as Australia.

GERMAN INDUSTRY AND THE SAN FRANCISCO EXHIBITION?

The Governments of both Great Britain and Germany have officially declined on behalf of their respective countries, to take any part in the Universal Exhibition at San Francisco, which is to be held in honour of the opening of the Panama Canal. The discussions which took place last year in Berlin, on the occasion of the holding of the International Exhibition Conference, provide reasons for this refusal on the part of Germany. In the case of a great number of industries, which use the products of a great industrial country, would, of necessity, have to be represented in a worthy manner, the sacrifice thus entailed, in order to transport the necessary goods to such a great distance, would be out of all proportion to the benefits likely to accrue. But in order to show that the people of Germany are desirous of expressing their recognition of the wonderful work achieved by the United States in thus completing the Panama Canal Herr Ballin, the Director General of the Hamburg America Line, is forming a committee, whose task is to see that German productions are worthily represented at the forthcoming exhibition it being of course understood that such representation will be of a private and non-official nature. This suggestion is meeting with considerable approval among those industrial circles whose work consists in working up and refining raw stuff.

Nevertheless, it must not be denied that Ballin's proposal is meeting with a considerable amount of opposition. Even those papers that usually adopt a friendly attitude towards the Hamburg America Line and which previously opposed the point of view taken up by certain branches of our industry with regard to German participation at this exhibition, have declared themselves against Ballin's plan; they even go so far as to accredit him with purely personal and unpatriotic motives in this matter. It seems to us, however that a man like Ballin, who has done so much for Germany, deserves better treatment. It must be admitted however, that, from a purely business point of view, there is much to be said against Ballin's suggestion that Germany should privately and unofficially, take part in the Exhibition at San Francisco. Under these circumstances, it is evident that Germany's exhibits would leave much to be desired, the result being that those who are not well informed concerning the true state of affairs will form but a poor opinion of Germany's industrial production. They will even perhaps believe that the industrial branches which are not represented have kept away out of fear of comparisons being made between their exhibits and those of rival countries. However false such an assumption would be it would be bound to act more or less prejudicially on German industry.

It seems to us that three different attitudes were possible with regard to this exhibition: either the invitation might have been generally accepted or generally declined or Germany might have decided to allow her productions to be represented by some special industrial group. For instance a section displaying German Arts and Crafts would have afforded Germany an opportunity of being worthily represented. Furthermore, there are historical reasons for wishing to see German Arts and Crafts worthily represented at an exhibition to be held on American soil. On the occasion of the first General Universal Exhibition in Philadelphia, German Arts and Crafts were so miserably represented that Geheimrat Reulch uttered the the well-known and destructive words "cheap and bad"! At subsequent exhibitions, German Arts and Crafts have been able to show that they have made enormous progress. And now in San Francisco, an excellent opportunity is provided for showing that Germany can hold her own against all rivals in this branch, and is even superior to most of them. For all these reasons an exhibition of this special branch of German industry could not but have added to Germany's reputation. The expenses entailed by an exhibition of this kind would not have been all too heavy.

In fact it might possibly have paid very well. For the very reason that San Francisco lies at such a remote distance from Europe and that it is only to be reached by a very great expenditure of time and money the number of visitors will be far less than is usual at similar exhibitions. But on the other hand those who take the trouble to go there are sure to prove active buyers. And these are just the sort of people that one would wish to see attending an exhibition of Arts and Crafts. On the other hand a mixed mass of exhibits representing various branches of industry and entirely ignoring others is bound to make a very unfavourable and incomplete effect. For these reasons, therefore, it is to be feared that this new plan will prove a failure despite the great organising ability of its progenitor.

A NEW GERMAN SOCIETY FOR SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS.

The "Kaiser-Wilhelm-Gesellschaft-zur Forderung der Wissenschaften" is displaying extraordinary energy in the founding of societies for scientific research. First of all we have the "Institute for the Investigation of Coal" which has been opened in the very heart of the Rhenish-Westphalian colliery and industrial districts and now a new Institute for Experimental Therapeutics is about to be opened. The building which is to house this institute has just been completed and is situated at Dahlem, a picturesque Berlin suburb, which is rapidly becoming more and more a scientific centre. Professor August von Wassermann, whose splendid work was recently acknowledged at the International Medical Conference at London where the Paris prize was conferred upon him is to be at the head of this Institution. This new scientific undertaking is to be principally devoted to the study of chemo-therapeutics, which of late years has begun to take the first place among all sciences dealing with medical investigation. The new building which has cost half a million of marks and covers some thirty thousand square metres of ground, has, among other specialities, an aseptic operating theatre, and also a number of special stalls for housing the animals to be experimented on. A special paddock is also being planned, in which the horses required for the purposes of the Institute will be able to disport themselves. In course of time, therefore, the Institute will assume the character of a small farm. A little later on, this neighbourhood will witness the development of still another scientific institute, for which the Kaiser-Wilhelm-Gesellschaft has already procured the necessary funds; this is the new Institute for Biological Investigations. Hitherto, biologists have been obliged to prosecute their investigations in the various existing Botanical and Zoological Institutions, so that in the foundation they will, for the first time, have an opportunity to work at their special subject under ideal conditions. After much difficulty, a suitable Director for the new Institute has been found in the person of Professor Karl Correns, the former Director of the Botanical Institute and Gardens in Munich.

L. ARCH.

THE IRISH PROBLEM.

SIR E. CARSON'S "LAST EFFORT."

ALARM AMONG BELFAST MANUFACTURERS.

GRAVE APPREHENSIONS

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The Unionist papers are devoting ...ch space to the proceedings in Ulster. Sir Edward Carson, and General ...chardson met the Unionist members ...the House of Commons at Captain ...aig's house in Belfast last night to ...cuss the establishment of a provision... Government which, it is expected, ...ll be announced at a meeting of five ...ndred delegates of the Ulster Union... Council to-day.

On Saturday Sir Edward Carson will ...spect fourteen Belfast regiments, each ...0 strong with complete commissariat ...d signalling ambulance units. General ...chardson, in command, accompanied ... his staff will be a feature of the ...thering.

The Radical papers describe the pro...edings of Sir Edward Carson as the ...t desperate effort to smash the Bill. ...ey declare that the manufacturers in ...lfast are alarmed at his reckless ...eeches, fearing that the labour troubles ... Dublin may be echoed in Belfast ...ere the situation would be most ...rious with a populace armed with ...les and revolvers.

Mr F. E. Smith has returned from ...ster to take up his duties on General ...ench's staff at the manœuvres as ...ieutenant in the Yeomanry.—Reuter.

GROWING BELIEF THAT CONFERENCE WILL BE HELD.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The *Evening News* says the belief is ...rowing in political circles that the visits ... Ministers and Opposition leaders to ...almoral will result in a conference on ...he subject of Home Rule. The paper ...ays there has undoubtedly been a ...riendly exchange of views.—Reuter.

IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

IMPORTANT NAVAL PROGRAMME ANNOUNCED.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

An important Admiralty announce...ent states that it has been decided to ...nd a detachment of the First Fleet, ...nsisting of four battleships, the 3rd ...ruiser Squadron, the 1st Light Cruiser ...uadron, and the 3rd Flotilla, ...mmanded by Vice-Admiral Sir Stan... Colville, to cruise in the Mediter...nean in the early part of November. ...ey will return at Christmas.

The 4th Battle Squadron will join ...e detachment at Gibraltar, whereupon ...anœuvres will be carried out in ...e Western Mediterranean with the ...editerranean Fleet.

On the termination of these exercises, ...e combined fleet, consisting of eight ...ttleships, three battle-cruisers, eight ...uisers, and eight light cruisers, will ...ceed for a cruise as far as Alexandria, ...siting various ports. The 3rd Flotilla, ...ith sixteen modern destroyers, will ...main in the Mediterranean, the ...estroyers at present there returning ...me.—Reuter.

AN IMPOSING DEMONSTRATION.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

Naval concentration in the Mediter...anean will constitute the most impos... demonstration of naval power that ...ritain has ever made in the Mediter...anean.—Reuter.

REBELS BLOW UP TRAIN.

10 SOLDIERS AND 10 PASSENGERS KILLED.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Mexican rebels blew up a train with ...ynamite at Sartillo, killing forty Fede...al soldiers and ten passengers.—Reuter.

LONG OVER-SEA FLIGHT.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The aviator, Garros, has flown in an ...eroplane from Toulon to Tunis, a dis...tance of 500 miles over-sea, in seven ...hours.—Reuter.

FRENCH HONOUR FOR GREEK PREMIER.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

M. Poincare has conferred on M. ...Venizelos, the Greek Premier, the Grand ...Cross of the Legion of Honour.—Reuter.

ROYAL BETROTHALS.

BUKHAREST, Sept. 24.

The betrothals are announced of ...Prince Charles of Rumania to the ...Grand-Duchess Olga of Russia, and ...Princess Elizabeth of Rumania to ...Crown Prince George of Greece.—Reuter.

NAVAL DOCKS AND BASES.

INVESTIGATION IN AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The well-known engineer, Sir Maurice ...Fitzmaurice, is sailing for Australia to ...investigate, on behalf of the Common...wealth, the question of naval docks and ...bases from an engineering standpoint. ...—Reuter.

SOMALILAND.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Mr. Byatt, the Administrator in Some...liland, sails to-morrow.—Reuter.

MORE FIGHTING.

ALBANIANS DEFEAT SERVIANS.

FORTIFICATIONS CAPTURED AT DIBRA.

BELGRADE, Sept. 24.

It is officially stated that there was a determined battle lasting two hours between Albanians and two companies of Servian troops at Dibra on the 22nd inst. The Servians withdrew towards Ritchevo.

The Albanians were six thousand strong.—Reuter.

BELGRADE, Sept. 23.

It is reported that 20,000 well-armed Albanians, commanded by Austrian and Bulgarian officers, have captured the Servian fortifications at Dibra. The Government is hastily sending reinforcements.—Reuter.

AFRICAN POLITICS.

GENERAL BOTHA'S CABINET.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The reconstruction of General Botha's Cabinet with three new Afrikander members has disappointed those who expected that the Hertzog controversy would lead to a coalition Government. The new Ministers, however, are all Moderates.—*Reuter.*

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The death is announced in New York of the noted Nationalist Patrick Foad.

The death is announced of Sir Walter Hely-Hutchinson.—Reuter.

[The Right Hon. Sir Walker Francis Hely-Hutchinson, G. C M. G., was born in Dublin in 1849. In 1874 he accompanied Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of New South Wales, on a special mission to Fiji as attache. During 1875-77 he acted as Private Secretary for New South Wales affairs, and from 1877-83 he served as Colonial Secretary of Barbados. His next appointment was Chief Secretary to the Government of Malta, and from 1884-89 he served as Lieutenant-Governor there. In 1889 he was appointed Governor of the Windward Islands, and on relinquishing that post in 1893 inaugurated a system of "responsible Government" in Natal. Two years later, he carried out the annexation of the Trans-Pongola territories, now incorporated with Zululand. From 1893 to 1901 he served as Governor of Natal and Zululand and until 1910, when he retired, he filled the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Cape Colony.]

SEQUEL TO FATAL RAID.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 24.

Last winter an affray occurred in Delhi in an attempt to raid the house of a suspected dealer in cocaine. An excise party, with an informer named Hyder Shah, was attacked with knives, Hyder Shah was killed, the Sub-Inspector of Excise was wounded and two others were injured. Eight persons were arrested, and of these a man named Kalli, the occupier of the house, was eventually sentenced to death, two were discharged, and five others received one year's rigorous imprisonment. Kalli's sentence has been commuted to one of penal servitude for life, the sentences of the others remaining unchanged.

PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Sept. 24.

The Directors of the Punjab National Bank, one of the largest and oldest of the indigenous banks in Lahore, have issued a statement to their shareholders stating that they have in hand Rs. 35 lakhs in Government securities, besides a large cash balance and that most of their investments are in liquid securities, only a small proportion being in landed and house properties They can, therefore, meet with all possible demands.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

The market for coal shares was unchanged, business being very restricted and in some instances showing an easier tendency. The following transactions were reported :—

Coal shares—Baraboni, Rs. 15-8; Katras Jerriah, Rs. 95; Matigara, Rs. 13; Raneegunge, Rs. 21-12 and Rs. 22; South Govindpore, Rs.9-14; Teetulmuri, Rs. 10.

Jute shares—Gouripore (pref.). Rs. 97-8 and Rs. 98-8; Kankinarrah (ord.) Rs. 181.

ANOTHER BANK COLLAPSE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Sept. 24.

The Bank of Peshawar at Gujranwala, started some time ago by a leading local pleader with a nominal capital of five lakhs, has suspended payment.

At Lahore, things have resumed a normal condition to-day in the principal Indian banks. The total withdrawal from the different banks in the three days of the rush was over twelve lakhs. Some degree of commotion is yet reported from mofussil stations yet.

DUBLIN STRIKERS.

FEDERATION REFUSES HELP.

SUFFERERS BEING ASSISTED BY TRADES CONGRESS.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The National Transport Workers' Federation, at a meeting in London to-day, decided to inform the Dublin Trades Council that it regards it as futile to afford any help to the Dublin strikers except to place the machinery of the Federation at the disposal of those desiring to terminate the dispute. The Federation is prepared, however, to appeal for funds for the sustenance of the sufferers.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress has decided to send a shipload of provisions to Dublin at a cost of £5,000, in aid of the strikers.—Reuter.

KING GEORGE AT THE ARMY MANŒUVRES.

A JUBILANT WELCOME.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The King is the guest of Earl Spencer at Althorp Park. His Majesty to-day made an official visit to Northampton, where he had a jubilant welcome. The King then proceeded to witness the main operations of the manœuvres in the vicinity.—Reuter.

[His Majesty had intended, a mail correspondent tells us, to have a Royal camp erected in the neighbourhood, but Lord Spencer placed his historic home at the disposal of the King who travelled there from Balmoral with the Queen. Practically the whole of the mansion was to be used by the Royal visitors and the large suite. As the King intended to spend very nearly the whole of his time with the troops there were to be no local balls or functions.

Althorp Park has been visited by many previous monarchs, including Charles I, who during his imprisonment at Holdenby House, two miles distant, frequently rode over there. Other Royal guests have been Queen Anne and her son, King Edward and Queen Alexandra, the Dowager Empress of Russia and other members of reigning families. The grounds contain many trees which have been planted by Royal visitors.

WORK BY BOY SCOUTS.

During the manœuvres Boy Scouts distribute notices to the farmers warning them to take every precaution to yard their cattle and horses whilst the troops are operating over their farms. At the towns of Aylesbury, Newport, Pagnell, Towcester, Daventry, Northampton, and Brackley compensation officers are stationed, and every evening they hand to the county scout officials Army Form "H," giving details of the operations to be carried out the next day. The scout officials motor from these compensation stations to their centres, where they hand the details over to the scout dispatch riders, who in turn distribute them to the farmers with all possible speed. Sir Robert Baden-Powell is in Northampton during the manœuvres period and will superintend the scout operations.]

POSTAL GRIEVANCES.

EMPLOYEES ISSUE MANIFESTO TO THE PUBLIC.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The Conference of Telegraph and Postal Clerks at Liverpool passed a resolution instructing the Executive immediately to agitate for an all-round increase of wages commensurate with the increased cost of living. The resolution added that, failing a satisfactory reply in six weeks, a conference should be convoked to consider what action should be taken.

A manifesto issued by the postal employees denies that the recommendations of the Holt Committee involve an expenditure of a million yearly, and declares that more than a decade will elapse before such an increase is incurred. The manifesto describes as mean and untrue the suggestion that the recommendations would be the cause of additional taxation, and exhorts the public to remember that the present discontent is not the work of the leaders. The latter have counselled moderation, but have been overruled by the overwhelming vote of the members.—Reuter.

["On the authority of a French newspaper, statements were published in London in mail week to the effect that serious telegraphic delays between England and France were being complained of, and that the reason for this was to be sought amongst the British operators. The assertion was made that discontent was rife, and the British telegraphists were systematically indulging in a novel form of strike, failing other methods of advertising their grievances.

It was further reported that inquiries by the Paris correspondent of a London journal disclosed the fact that in the middle of the transmission of messages the lines suddenly appeared to become interrupted, but that no sooner had the operators got their instruments ready to correct the apparent fault then the wire worked again in the usual way. It was added that the block of the lines by these wilful delays had become so serious that the French Government had been obliged to send a large proportion of the messages intended for London by an indirect route. The reason given for the suggested discontent amongst the British operators was the refusal of the Postmaster-General to raise wages and the new modification of the telegraphists' hours of service.

Little importance was attached to this statement by high officials at the Central Telegraph Office, London, and a Press representative was informed that there was absolutely no truth in it. Inquires made specially by the officials showed that the amount of delay in the transmission of messages between England and France was very little. It was the case that the working of the lines with France had been somewhat interrupted by recent storms in that country, but only very small delay had occurred."]

INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

CONTRAVENTION OF NEW ACT.

PASSIVE RESISTANCE RESUMED.

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 23.

Sixteen Indians, including four women, have been sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour for contravening the Immigration Act by endeavouring to cross the border from Natal while returning from a football tournament.

The case excited very great interest and the Court was crowded with Mahomedans.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The visit of the Indians, who have been sentenced to hard labour, to the football match, was made with the deliberate purpose of challenging arrest and starting a new passive resistance movement. It is stated that Mr. Gandhi himself will shortly invite arrest by declining to comply with the technical provisions of the Immigration Act.—Reuter.

AISGILL DISASTER.

VERDICT OF MANSLAUGHTER AGAINST A DRIVER.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

In contrast to the verdict at the inquest on the other victims of the Aisgill disaster, the inquest on Sir Arthur Douglas has resulted in a verdict of manslaughter against the driver of the second train.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

GOVERNMENT TO FACILITATE EXPORTATION.

SYDNEY, Sept. 23.

The Minister of Lands in New South Wales states that the Government is determined to cheapen and facilitate transmission to the coast and exportation of the wheat crop by opening new ports and introducing the bulk system of handling traffic.—Reuter.

GREAT COTTON FIRM.

ANOTHER MEMBER OF FAMILY LEAVES BIG FORTUNE.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Mr. Percy Coats, who died on Sept. 15, left over a million sterling. Three other members of the family have died in the last two years, leaving altogether over five millions sterling.—Reuter.

PERSIAN LOAN.

IMPERIAL REASONS FOR PROTECTING COUNTRY.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The *Times*, in an article discussing the possibility of a six million sterling Persian loan, says that Imperial reasons preclude us from letting Persia collapse. "Is it cheaper to help her financially, hoping that she will recover strength, or to let her drift towards final disaster with the inevitable sequel of military intervention? If we are compelled to send forces from India, the ultimate cost must far exceed the sum suggested. We shall, in that case, be entering on a policy full of danger, accompanied by an outlay of an extent which cannot be foreseen. We trust that the question of the loan, publicly raised, under the guarantee of Great Britain, possibly in conjunction with Russia, will be carefully considered. It is impossible to say that loan will save Persia, but it is worth trying."—Reuter.

THE TRAIN TRAGEDY.

FURTHER EVIDENCE AGAINST THE ACCUSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 24.

At the further hearing at Basti of the charge against Sukkhu Mochi of having murdered Miss Murphy on Sept. 3 in a railway carriage, Ambica Pershad, the assistant station-master, stated that he and Constable Gopal Dass searched the dining car of the No. 2 down train. Then they went on to the platform and heard the accused saying that he knew all about the affair and that the guard had killed "Miss Sahib." The accused was taken into custody immediately and there was found in his possession Rs. 1-0-9. and tied in one corner of his dhotie were four pieces of a silver bangle. A zenana dhotie, which the accused was wearing, appeared to be bloodstained. The accused said openly that he would tell all about the murder if he got a reward.

Mustaffa Khan and Mohan Lunia, painters in the O. and R. Railway workshops at Lucknow, gave evidence of having travelled in the train on which the murder took place. At Gorakhpur at 6 p. m. the accused came to the door of their compartment, which was the second carriage from the one in which Miss Murphy was murdered. The accused was prevented from getting into their compartment by another passenger and he went away. Both witnesses went to sleep during the night and when they awoke at Gonda they heard about the murder.

The hearing will be resumed on the 25th September.

Gas is a valuable adjunct to the ventilation of your room: it also destroys the organic impurities we exhale, and it is this which gives gas its greatest hygienic advantage over any other form of lighting

FRONTIER RAID.

POST TO CHITRAL ATTACKED.

ONE LEVY KILLED AND FOUR WOUNDED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 24.

A Press communique states:—On the 20th September the levies escorting the post to Chitral were attacked near the Rowarai Pass by a gang of raiders whose identity has not yet been established. One levy was killed and four were wounded, while one man is missing A mail bag and two rifles were lost. The latest report is that the scouts and levies were pursuing the raiders in the direction of Chatorbat.

ANGLO-INDIANS.

BIG SCHEME OF MR. ABBOTT'S.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AGRA, Sept. 24.

The President of the Anglo-Indian Empire League, the Hon Mr. Abbott, was given an entertainment at Agra by the local Anglo-Indians at the G. I. P. Railway Institute. Rev. Father Norman D.D. took the chair and in introducing Mr. Abbott spoke of his zeal, energy and labour for the good of the Anglo-Indian cause and exhorted his hearers to take their proper place in the progressive political life of the country.

A complimentary address was presented to Mr Abbott which referred to the importance of unity of action on the part of Anglo-Indians and concluded by requesting him to inaugurate a branch of the League at Agra

Mr. Abbott then addressed the meeting and enjoined the community to shake off the 'slough of despond' into which it had fallen. They must bring themselves into line with the requirements of the times by education, enlightenment, self-help and unity. He outlined a scheme which he had in view of chartering a steamer to take a contingent of about 800 men and women, and especially children, to London next year in order to give them an opportunity of viewing the old country and having friendly intercourse with their kinsmen across the seas, many of whom were in a position to influence the affairs of the community in this country.

A very large number of the audience of both sexes signed the League register as members,

THE CAWNPORE RIOT.

FUNDS FOR THE RELIEF OF SUFFERERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CAWNPORE, Sept. 24.

The total collections in aid of the Cawnpore Mosque Fund so far amount to Rs. 80,000. The large contributions include collections by the *Zamindar* of Lahore Rs. 24,000, the *Hamdard* and *Comrade* of Delhi Rs. 12,000, the Lucknow Association Rs. 10,000, Cawnpore contributions Rs. 18,000, Bengal and Bihar contributions Rs. 10,000. It is expected that the fund will soon exceed a lakh of rupees. Relief from this fund is now being regularly given to sufferers from the recent riot.

Besides this fund, Messrs. Tyler, the Collector, and Kindall, the District Judge, have also contributed handsome amounts for the relief of sufferers, which along with other contributions received, by the Collector, have been distributed among deserving people through a semi-official agency.

It is also understood that H. E. the Viceroy has sent Rs. 500 for distribution among sufferers from the recent riots.

STEPHENS MURDER TRIAL.

EVIDENCE OF THE WATERMAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KOTTAYAM, Sept. 24.

In the Stephens murder case, two more witnesses were examined for the prosecution yesterday.

Sankaran, examined by Sirkar Vakil, deposed that he was employed under the deceased as a waterman. On the night of the murder, after dinner Stephens told his butler to prepare to start for Trichur the next day. At 4-30 in the morning witness heard the report of a gun, rose and sat on his mat. Smoke was coming out of Stephens' bedroom. The butler asked Mrs. Stephens the cause of the gun report. She said that Stephens had shot himself. Witness entered the room after the police had come, and saw blood and brain scattered about. He identified the gun as Swynny's. The gun was in Swynny's bedroom on Sunday night in its case Witness saw Swynny put the gun in the case. That day Swynny's butler cleaned the gun and took it to Swynny's bedroom.

Under Swynny's orders, witness cleaned the gun the day before Stephens' death. That day the gun was placed in Swynny's bedroom. Witness did not lock the case.

The further hearing of the case was adjourned to the 30th inst.

SERIOUS ALLEGATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

The Commission of enquiry into the charges of bribery against M. Barkat Ali, Extra Assistant Commissioner, has begun its sittings at Ferozpore. The charges are arranged under four heads in respect of various sums alleged to have been accepted as a motive for showing favour to parties in suits. The accused pleaded not guilty.

Fern is being used in increasing quantities for thatching and as bedding for cattle in Devon owing to the dearness of straw.

CRIMINAL TRIBES.

SETTLEMENT OPENED AT CUDDALORE.

GOVERNMENT ALLOTS ONE THOUSAND ACRES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Sept. 24.

The Collector of South Arcot, on the 22nd inst. opened at Cuddalore an agricultural settlement for a criminal tribe to be supervised by the Salvation Army. About two years ago, Khan Bahadur Azizuddin Saheb, the Collector, submitted to Government a scheme with a view to weaning the pariahs of Veppur, who are a notorious community of thieves and dacoits, from a life of crime and the Government accepted the scheme. The Collector, accordingly, selected an extensive area, over a thousand acres, of valuable land for the purpose of the settlement. It is estimated that the value of the land in five years will rise to five lakhs of rupees.

THEFT OF GOVERNMENT TREASURE.

CHARGE AGAINST A STATION MASTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept 24.

A sensational arrest was effected yesterday at Saraghat, on the N. B. Railway, when Mr. Scott, station-master of that place, was arrested on a charge of theft of Rs. 4,000 and released on bail. From particulars to hand, it appears that Government treasure arrived at Sara in boxes of Rs. 4,000 each and was being transhipped to Damukdia by ferry, when it is alleged that Mr. Scott had one box removed to his quarters and substituted in its place another box of the same description. The property was subsequently discovered in the kitchen attached to Mr. Scott's premises. The circumstances surrounding the charge are at present very mysterious.

The trial will take place shortly in the court of the Deputy Magistrate at Natore.

BARRISTER ASSAULTED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

This afternoon, at the High Court before Mr. Justice Imam, Mr. Rasu narrated the story of a barrister being assaulted in the discharge of his official duty in the suit about the Albert Hall pending in the High Court, in which Mr. P. Chowdhury, barrister, was appointed receiver.

To-day Mr. Chowdhury went over to the Hall to take possession of the premises when he was assaulted by one of the defendants. Counsel submitted that this was a gross contempt of court.

His Lordship directed Mr. Chowdhury to file a petition.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 24.

Captain Bruce, Royal West Kent Regiment, is permitted to retire from the service.

The following Royal Artillery officers have been ordered home during the current trooping season on completion of a tour of foreign service:—Captain Addison, Adjutant, 7th Brigade Royal Field Artillery, Rawalpindi. Lieutenant Bake, No. 69 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Karachi. Lieutenant Wyllie No 70 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Aden.

Colonel W. E. Cleary embarks for India on October 9 on appointment as Assistant Adjutant-General, Army Headquarters.

Lieut.-Col. M. S. Eyre from Royal Garrison Artillery, Londonderry, has been selected for the command of the British Mountain Artillery at Quetta in January next.

An exchange has been approved between Lieut. J. E. Drysdale, Durham Light Infantry, and Lieut. A. J. Clifton, Army Service Corps.

Captain Bates, 7th Hussars, is appointed Adjutant of the North Somerset Yeomanry, Territorial Force.

Captain I. De Roberts, Adjutant, 18th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, Hyderabad, is appointed to the Egyptian Army.

Captain W. R. Gray, 25th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Lahore, is transferred to the 125th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, on the Home Establishment.

GUN ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

On the 20th, a young man living with the Police Inspector of Moulvi Bazar, in the Sylhet district, was carrying a loaded gun along a public road when it suddenly exploded wounding an old woman, a boy and a man. It is reported that the gun did not belong to its carrier.

R. I. M. S. "NORTHBROOK"

DEPARTURE FROM BOMBAY.

The R. I. M. S. Northbrook, Commander C. Gardner, R.I.M., sailed yesterday for Rangoon with the 75th Company R. G. A., consisting of.—Major W. D. Nichol, Capt. F. Sutton, Lt. C. B. Tennant, Quarter Master A. C. A. E. Smith, Sergt-Major A. Baker, 91 non-commissioned and men, 4 women and 4 children, 1 horse, 4 public followers. Nursing Sister E. Jamieson, Q.A.M.N.S.I., Capt. H. J. Kingston, R.A.M.C., Asst. Surgeon to J. Doyle.

The proprietor of the *Rifa-U-Am* press, whose security of Rs. 500 had been forfeited, has been informed that a fresh security of Rs. 1,000 will be required to renew the declaration.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

APOTHEOSIS OF THE ATHLETE.

The civilized world has gone in for the apotheosis of the athlete. The winners of an inter-university boat race, the player who distinguishes himself with bat or ball, the great football or tennis player, these are the heroes of the hour. Their achievements are acclaimed by thousands of spectators, and their triumphs are recorded, with a flourish of catching head lines, in every newspaper. Whole nations wait with breathless expectancy on the result of the performance of their representatives in other parts of the world, and the Olympic Games, instituted for competition between the nations in Europe and America, have received in some places quasi-official countenance. An appeal for £100,000 for upholding the honour and glory of England in these games at the next grand tournament has been made by a number of distinguished Englishmen to their countrymen, and the Press generally has supported it. In the midst of the prevailing enthusiasm for sports, carried often to a frenzied excess, the few discerning men, who protest against their debasing influences, have only been crying in the wilderness. The great man of letters, Mr. Frederick Harrison, has written strongly against this later-day cult, but the public pays no heed to him. The champion is adored everywhere; the record-breaker is marked out for high honours, and altogether much too high a value is placed upon performances of physical strength and skill and endurance. I believe that newspapers are responsible, in a great measure, for creating an extravagant interest in physical feats, and having created it, they find it to their account to keep it alive. It gives an inflated and fictitious significance to sports, and it has its effect in extravagant elation at the success of our representatives, and deep dejection at their failure. We are apt to identify ourselves too closely with our representatives, as they are called, much to the detriment of a healthy development of sports and the true sporting spirit. In the present state of things, these trials of strength and skill engender, not a feeling of brotherhood, but bitterness, and failure begets a false sense of shame and humiliation. It is felt, as if defeat in a representative match implies the inferiority of the race or community to which the vanquished belong. It is under an uneasy sense of some such sentiment that the appeal for a hundred thousand pounds has been made to the English nation. People must be taught to divest themselves of this idea. If Parsis beat Englishmen in cricket, or if Moslems beat Parsis, the victory does not necessarily imply the superiority of the one race over the other. The idea is too absurd to be entertained for a moment. It is perfectly national that we should be extremely glad, when our own men win in an important fixture. But if we regard sports in the right spirit, we may not lose the sense of proportion.

RAGE FOR CHAMPIONS.

Physical development and improvement should be the first concern of every State and Nation. A sound, healthy body affords the best foundation for the building up of character and for the moral and social well-being of a people. But this object cannot be attained by the production of a body of gladiators performing for the delection of the world in the Coliseum. We are bending all our energies to the manufacture of champions for the wonder of the gaping crowd. In the training of experts specializing for pre-eminence in various sports, and in the inflated value put upon these sports, there is a danger of a general diffusion of physical culture, providing for a sound mind in a sound body being lost sight of. The physical condition of a nation is to be gauged by the average standard of health attained by it, and not by the performances of a few prodigies of strength and valour who are put thorugh a painfully laborious process of training for the purpose of international competition. If the Olympic Games were to concentrate the energy of a country mainly on the production of champions to do battle for their fatherland, I should not favour them, because they would then be serving no useful purpose, and might rather serve to engender either feeling, as they have done in the past.

THE CRICKET TOURNAMENT.

It is not possible for us here to escape the prevailing distemper. The excitement over the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament in Bombay is keen and all absorbing. The feeling of partizanship has degenerated occasionally into rancour, defeating the essential aim of these games. I should not call them, as is done sometimes, international contests, because to say so is begging the question. The phrase carries with it a meaning which does not really belong to these encounters. Success depends upon a variety of adventitious circumstances. The Parsis, for instance, have been superior to the Hindus and the Moslems in cricket, because they had commenced it about a generation earlier than the other communities. Fired by the spirit of emulation, these latter have made remarkable progress in recent years, and they can now compete on more even terms with their rivals. The Parsis were startled by their defeat by the Mahomedans. They had never dreamt of such a result, nor did their opponents expect to win. But the form displayed by them was a revelation, and the command they had over their nerves might serve as an example to the Parsis and the Hindus alike. They played with dash and spirit, and proved their mettle in their encounter with the Hindus, as well as the Parsis. I am amused at the excuses made by some of the partisans of the Parsis for their defeat. But the general sense of the community is that the match was fairly won and was most creditable to the winners. The Parsis commenced the game with over-confidence and ended it with over-caution, and this led, in a great measure, to their undoing. It is a moral gain to a party that it should experience sometimes the bitterness of a reverse. While the dull uniformity of success robs the game of much of its interest, it has also a demoralising effect upon the victors. I should not be surprised if the result of the last match will have a salutary effect.

upon Parsi cricket. If it were remembered, first and last, that cricket is not everything, one may learn to regard this defeat in a fair game more philosophically. In these inter-communal matches the crowd used to exhibit much bitterness and rancour some years ago, but the ill-feeling seems to be wearing out, and although the spectators now watch the game with intense enthusiasm, their conduct is not marred by hostile demonstrations. The spirit of partisanship is perfectly natural, and when a good piece of work is done by one's own men in the field, the shouting will be more enthusiastic on his part than on that of the other spectators. But for a very much mixed gathering, numbering thousands, the behaviour of the crowd during the last tournament was admirable.

BRITISH LOVE OF SPORT.

Englishmen are known for their insular and exclusive nature. They are not made to associate readily with other races. Yet their love of sports is so intense and so genuine that they will meet their opponents, of whatever race or clime, on common ground and on equal terms. Cricket, while it is played, is a great leveller. It knows no social distinctions. The opposing sides will freely mingle together, and bunch together, and be photographed together. But for his deep love of sports, the nature of the Englishman would rather have held him from playing with others, and taking with equanimity the chances of war. We knew little of sports, and less of the sporting spirit, as both are understood by the English, until we were introduced to the game. Under the altered circumstances, the attitude of enlightened Indians towards sports has changed entirely. If you look at the composition of the Hindu team, you will see that caste prejudices, however strong, are not allowed to interfere in cricket. In former times, gymnastics and athletics were regarded as the province of bullies and ruffians and stalwarts. Swimming was held in equal disrepute. When the early reformers opened a gymnasium in Bombay for the boys of respectable people they had to make a special endeavour to disabuse their mind of their ingrained prejudice against physical exercise. The old notions still linger, however. Even now an Indian of portly respectability would consider it bad form to run, even though it were to catch a train. Deliberate slowness of movement is still associated with dignity and self-respect. It accords with the spirit of the East. The awakening is, however, bringing about a change in this, as in many other things.

DION.

MISS MAUD ALLAN.

MADRAS OBJECTION TO ORIENTAL DANCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Sept 24.

At a meeting of the Madras branch of the European Defence Association, regarding the forthcoming visit of Miss Maud Allan to this city, it was decided, after some discussion, to send the following letter to Miss Maud Allan's manager in Bombay:—

The Madras Branch of the European Defence Association have noted with interest Miss Maud Allan's intended visit to this city. They are of opinion that her Oriental dances are open to misconstruction by the Indian audiences and this branch of the Association would respectfully suggest that they should be eliminated from her repertoire.

THE ARMS ACT.

EUROPEAN WANTED IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

The Arms Act department of the Calcutta police are on the look out for a European who is stated to have purchased a large number of Mauser pistols from several Calcutta firms under false representations, and passed them on to persons unauthorised to hold them.

DACOITIES IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

It is understood that a conference of the Divisional Commissioners of Bengal will be held shortly at Darjeeling, when the question of the prevalence of dacoities, ordinary and political, will be discussed.

A SEDITIOUS PAMPHLET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

On enquiry, in connection with the discovery of a seditious leaflet, purporting to be a new issue of the *Swadhin Bharat* in Calcutta, it has been ascertained that copies of the same pamphlet were found in various public places in Calcutta and the moffussil towns. The police seized copies at Narainguage, Sylhet, Barisal and other places.

BURIED CARTRIDGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

The Howrah C. I. D. are enquiring into the discovery of a packet of 39 revolver cartridges in the compound of Mr. Lewis, of Howrah. It is reported that Mr. Lewis' gardener was digging up a portion of the garden, when he came on the packet.

AN X RAY BRIDAL ROBE.

The prevalence of the latest fashion of split skirts and split trousers is causing excitement in various cities of the United States. A sensation was caused by a wedding at Los Angeles, California, where a fashionable lady appeared in church attired in an "X ray" split skirt. The officiating clergyman objected, but was persuaded to proceed with the ceremony, after which the lady and gentleman paraded the streets. At Farrell, in Pennsylvania, split clothing has almost caused a riot. Hundreds of jeering men followed the wearers, and the police were finally called out to suppress the disturbance. The fashion experts of New York predict that Turkish trousers will be in general use by ladies in the coming season.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

CHARGE AGAINST A HOUSE-AGENT.

Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah, yesterday, disposed of an appeal preferred by Mr. Vasanrao Sadashiv Dhotre, a member of the firm of Messrs. B. Sakharamji and Co., carrying on business as a house-agent in the Fort, against the decision of Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The facts of the case are that Mr. Bhanji Nagji Merchant, Manager and Director of the Cosmopolitan Bank, Limited, charged Mr. Dhotre with having dishonestly retained a sum of Rs. 250, which was paid to him as rent in advance for the month of December, 1912. Mr. Aston convicted and sentened him to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300, of which Rs. 100 was ordered to be paid as compensation to the complainant. Hence the appeal.

The Hon. Mr. Setalwad, with Mr. Atmaram Nilkant, appeared for the appellant.

Mr. Setalvad stated that the accused admitted that he received the sum, passed a receipt for it and informed the landlord of it. The only question was whether the amount was to be credited to rent for December, 1912, or whether it was to be taken as accused's commission. The accused stated that the landlord of the premises in the first instance wanted Rs. 300 as the rent, but he had induced the landlord to accept Rs. 250. A cutcha lease was made for two years certain with a third year optional. The accused claimed a commission at the rate of 2 per cent., which for two years worked out at Rs. 240; the other sum of Rs. 10 was for expenses.

Continuing, Mr. Setalvad characterised the evidence as absurd because it was incredible that a business firm like Messrs. B. Sakharamji and Co., would work for a bank without commission.

Mr. Justice Heaton, in delivering judgment, said that their Lordships were quite satisfied that the conviction and sentence in the case must be set aside. It was evident that through the mediation of Messrs. B. Sakhramji and Co., the premises were rented by the bank. It was also in evidence that the cutcha lease had been signed by the parties and a pukka lease had not been executed up to date. The accused admitted, said his Lordship, that he had retained the sum of Rs. 250, but he said that he retained it in consequence of an arrangement that had been come to between him and the complainant. It was in evidence that the complainant paid no commission and it was incredible that a business firm like that of Messrs. B. Sakharamji and Co. would have undertaken to do business without consideration. The Court was satisfied that the explanation of the accused was entirely in accordance with the theory that he was innocent, and his explanation was supported by documentary evidence. The Court absolutely disbelieved, continued his Lordship, the story told by the complainant, and it was incredible that the bank would have entered the premises on only a monthly tenure. The Court accordingly held that the accused was innocent of any dishonest intention.

The lower Court's order was, therefore, set aside, and the Appeal Court directed that the fine if paid should be refunded.

COCAINE TRANSACTION.

Kalidas Mitha and Vadilal Mitha, two brothers, were charged before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, with illegally selling, and abetting each other in selling ten grains of cocaine and with being in illegal possession of 186 1-4 grains without a license, and with having thereby committed offences under Section 43 (1) and (a) the Abkari Act V of 1878. The accused having been found guilty were sentenced to 6 months' hard labour on each of the charges, the sentences to run consecutively.

Against this decision both accused preferred an appeal to the High Court, which came up for disposal before Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah.

Mr. Sorab R. Davar, with Mr. G. N. Thakore, appeared for the appellants, while Mr. S. S. Patkar was for the Crown.

It was stated that the accused jointly sold ten grains of cocaine to one Hargovind for Rs. 3 on August 3 last, and 186 1-4 grains were found in their possession. Hargovind was sent to buy the cocaine by the Excise Inspector, and he was, therefore, given three rupees with certain marks on them. Hargovind was accompanied by one Mahomed Rajand Nabibux. Both of them went into a house at Mumbadevi and bought eight packets of cocaine. The Inspector was then taken into the house and he raided the room of the accused. There the accused were found seated with one Jiwabhai Nemchand. On a search being made the Inspector found the marked coins in a bag with a packet containing 186 grains of cocaine.

Mr. Davar said that the selling of cocaine involved the possession of it and both offences formed part of the same transaction. They were not distinct offences under Section 35, Criminal Procedure Code, but separate offences under Section 71, Indian Penal Code; therefore they might be tried together and one sentence should have been passed. Counsel further said that both the accused were very young, and there was no record against them.

Their Lordships refused to interfere with the order of the Magistrate.

POLICE COURTS.

COCAINE PROSECUTIONS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. McCarthy, Chief Inspector of Excise, charged Mirdad Mujid, a Pathan, with having in his possission eighty grains of cocaine without a license.

Having received certain information Excise Inspector Pandit searched the house of the accused and found the drug under his bedding.

The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

A SEVENTH CONVICTION.

Before Mr. Frank Oleveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Sergeant Fox charged Lakhmidas Kishavji with the theft of a few rolled gold buttons.

The complaint was that the accused was stopped at the Victoria Dock Gate and searched. The studs were found concealed in his dhotar. The accused said he found it lying near a case in the docks.

The accused pleaded guilty and also admitted six previous convictions.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION CASE.

The hearing was resumed, yesterday, at Mazagon, before Mr. C. B. Ewing, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, of the case in which Inspector Chapman, at the instance of the Municipal Commissioner, charged Ahmed Haji Oomer with forgery and giving false information to a public servant, to wit, a municipal polling officer and Mr. Noormahamad Dada J. P., with abetment of the above offences which were alleged to have been committed on June 5 last. On the occasion of the election of a councillor for the "A" ward of the Bombay Municipality when the first accused was alleged to haves igned a voting paper in the name of a voter, named Haji Cassam Moti, and the second accused was alleged to have abetted the first in the commitment of the same.

Mr. Campbell, barrister, instructed by Mr. Crawford, Municipal Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution; Mr. Baptista, barrister, and Mr. Kapadia, pleader, appeared for the accused.

The addresses for the defence having been concluded on previous occasions, Mr. Campbell addressed the Court for the prosecution.

Mr. Campbell said that this was an important case. It was the first of its kind in Bombay, and was also important owing to the position of the second accused in Bombay. Then, as Mr. Cadell had told them, their prosecution had been instituted to preserve purity in Municipal election.

The greater portion of Mr. Davar's address, said Mr. Campbell, had been directed against Dr. Sukhya. The prosecution had fallen into an error in trying to lead evidence against Dr. Sukhya as if it were Dr. Sukhya's case.

Mr. Campbell said that the evidence showed that both the accused were together on June 5. Both the accused made certain admissions. Accused No. 1 admitted having gone with the red-capped man. The second accused admitted having seen the first accused and having talked with Cassam Haji Moti, and also that he had a conversation with Mr. Byramji when the challenge was made. He told them that he introduced Mr. Ballubhai to the polling officer, but Mr. Bal lubhai said that he went by himself. Mr. Campbel said that it was evident that both the accused were at the booth at one time or the other. Dr. Sukhya had told them that he had met them together. Then, they had to consider how far Dr. Sukhya's evidence was to be believed. The whole story of the prosecution was that he (Dr Sukhya) was a liar.

Mr. Campbell, continuing, said that in a case like this there could not but be some discrepancies, regarding minor details as time, etc. Dr. Sukhya had told them that he spoke to the second accused, and that the subject of his conversation was the first accused. He told the second accused that the first accused was not Cassam Moti and the second accused replied that he was Cassam Moti. If this was believed there was an ending of the case. The whole question, then, was whether Dr. Sukhya came there to tell a lie and had worked up the Municipal Office to bring their prosecution against the accused. He had no ill-feeling against the accused to try to get a conviction against them. Then, there were the evidences of Mr. Byramji Jeejibhoy and the polling officer who corroborated Dr. Sukhya as to having seen the two accused together at the booth.

The Magistrate reserved judgement.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

ALLEGED CRUELTY TO BULLOCKS.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held, yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Fazalbhoy M. Chinoy presiding.

Consideration was given to a letter to the President of the Bombay Corporation from Mr. Thomas H. Babington, inviting attention to the cruelty inflicted on Municipal bullocks used for scavengers' carts and stating that numbers of such carts, invariably over-loaded with earth, come to the Framji Cowasji Tank to deposit the earth in the tank and that the bullocks employed were the poorest and the worst-fed in Bombay; that on account of the ground at the place being cut up the poor animals were beaten and tortured by the drivers and also by the coolies and mucadums working at the Tank to make them proceed.

The Committee referred it to the Commissioner for disposal.

ART FOR ARTS SAKE.

MR. GORDON CRAIG SAYS "AMBITION SPOILS A WOMAN."

"Stay where you are" is what Mr. Gordon Craig is compelled to say to a large proportion of the young people who daily write to him desiring to become students at his wonderful School for the Art of the Theatre in the Arena Goldoni in Florence.

"I only want the very best," Mr. Craig told a Press representative. It is practically impossible to find a woman nowadays who is devoted with singleness of purpose to her art who follows an ideal for its own sake. Most modern women seem to be full of ambition, and ambition spoils a woman.

"A woman ought to have no personal ambition. Fidelity either to persons or to ideals is difficult to get. What we want at our school is hard workers and sportsmen. We want to re-create the old ideal of the true artist.

"England is deluged with sentiment—I do not mean feeling, that is a wonderful and desirable thing—but with a sickly sentiment which puts the emphasis on the wrong things, which laughs when it ought to weep, and weeps when it ought to laugh.

"CENTURION'S" RECORD.

The new battleship "Centurion" has come out with flying colours in the first gunlayers' test in which she has taken part, says the "Globe," and has given further proof of the value of the fire-director, the invention of Admiral Sir Percy Scott, with which she was recently fitted at Devonport Dockyard. The "Centurion" took part in the gunlayers' test of the second battle squadron last week, and from the pair of 13·5-inch guns in "Q" turret amidships eight rounds were fired and eight hits registered in 2 m. 35 2-5 s. at a range of 7,000 yards. This performance by seamen gunners was followed by a gun's crew of Royal Marines making six hits out of eight rounds from another 13·5-inch barbette. The target in each case was fourteen feet square. Both performances evoked warm praise, especially in view of the fact that the "Centurion" has been in commission only a few months.

The Commander-in-Chief will attend the staff ride in the Lahore Division early in November.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

TIBETAN PRAYING-MACHINES.

The ordinary monthly meeting of this Society was held in the rooms of the B. B. R. A. Society, Town Hall, last evening, when Lt.-Col. K. R. Kirtikar, I. M. S. (retd.) the President, occupied the chair.

Dr. Jivanji Modi in a paper on "Tibetan Customs and a few thoughts suggested by them," said that this was his second paper on the Tibetan customs which he had observed at Darjeeling, his first paper being on "Prayer-flags." Prayer-wheels formed a class of what could be called the Prayer-machines of the Tibetans. They were in the form of barrels or cylinders turning on an axis. They varied in size from half a foot in length and three inches in diameter to six feet in lengh and three to four feet in diameter. The smallest were carried in the hand by the Lamas or priests and other pious Buddhist laymen. The larger ones were placed in the outer corridors or verandahs of the Gumpas or monasteries. The large ones were really, as it were, machines, and they required an effort to pull them. While turning they struck two bells and gave a ringing sound. They had Buddhist prayers written on the outside of the cyclinders and on rolls of papers put round the axis. The belief was, that every time a person turned these Prayer-wheels or machines, with every turn, he, as it were, recited the prayer written on it. In Tibet, itself, it was said that religiously inclined people erected light machines on the tops of hills and over streams, so that they were turned by the force of the wind and the running water, and thus they obtained the religious merit of the recital of the prayers written on them. They put them even above the fire places in their houses so that the force of the rising heated air might turn them. One could not exactly trace the origin of this custom or idea. But what seemed to have happened was possibly this. The old Buddhist prayers were written on the rolls of papers, like those which one sees even now in the case of some old Sanskrit manuscripts and modern horoscopes. In the case of the long prayers or larger scriptures the scrolls or rolls were for better preservation put round a piece of wood or stick as on an axis. The reader turned the roll as he went on reading or praying. Each prayer was thus recited with one or more turns of the roll or cylinder. Man looks for haste, early despatch, facility and convenience, even in his praying. A shortening or curtailing process is at the bottom of his motives. Hence at first they began the shortening process by reading perhaps the principal parts of the prayers over the turning wheels. Gradually the shortening process continued. Then it came to the mere mechanical process of turning the wheel. The custom of the use of the rosary among all natives of which Dr. Modi said he would speak on some other occasion, presented much to support this view. Some Parsee customs supported this view. The history of the use of the words "Hip Hip Hurrah" gives us an idea of the shortening process. It is said that Peter the Hermit, while going from village to village, to preach the crusades, moved the flag of the Cross in his hand and shouted "Hierosalema est perdita" i. e. "Jerusalem is lost". The people being accustomed to his presence and his shouts, he, latterly, in order to save trouble and time, instead of shouting all the above three words, shouted only their first letters, h, i, and p. These three letters gave the word "Hip". So, he shouted the word "Hip" to rouse the people, who in their turn responded in sympathy crying "Hurrah". This was a kind of holy expression of joy and sympathy. Latterly the cry came from the Church to the festive board and festive gathering.

Mr. Rustamji Nasarwanji Munshi in a paper on "Parsi riddles" said that Dr. W. Schultz, a correspondent of the Solway Institute (Bruxelles), was now engaged in collecting all the works relating to riddles in every country of the world. He had asked the help of the Society in his work. It was with a view to helping Dr. Schultz that he had collected at the desire of the Hon. Secretary of the Society, about 150 riddles, known among the Parsees. Some of them he placed before the Society in the form of a paper before sending then to Dr. Schultz. He said that there was no collection of riddles among the Parsees in printed book form. Such riddles represent as stated by Messrs. Freire Marreco and Myres in their "Notes and Querries in Anthropology," the earliest attempts to exercises reason, imagination and memory and also served as innocent and instructive pastimef of the younger folk. About 15 riddles were discussed in the present paper.

WEST THROUGH EASTERN EYES.

RABINDRANATH TAGORE'S VIEWS OF ENGLAND.

Rabindranath Tagore, the Indian poet, has brought to an end a visit to the West of some fifteen months, part of which has been spent in the United States. He is returning to Bengal with a reputation in the educated world of England and America unlike that of any representative Indian of his generation.

He came to this country unheralded, says the "Daily News". His fame among his own people rests upon a remarkable product—in poetry, drama, and prose fiction—spread over more than thirty years, as well as upon the constructive work in education and social service to which a large part of the poet's energies has been given. But before his visit to England, he was unknown in Europe, except as a name—for the whole of his writing had been done in his mother-tongue, Bengali.

Now all this is changed. While on his way westward Tagore began, translating some of his lyrics into English prose, and these have met with appreciation from a large public on both sides of the Atlantic more than that, one of his plays has been produced on the English stage, and he has been heard on the lecture platform. As a result, Rabindranath Tagore has taken rank as a new literary influence in England, and as an idealist teacher bringing, once again, a message from the East to the West.

EVE OF DEPARTURE.

I had the opportunity, writes a correspondent of a brief talk with the Indian poet on the eve of his debarture from London. He was going away, he confessed, full of gratitude for the cordial welcome that had been extended to him here, and for the good fortune that had made him acquainted with so large a number of the men and women at work in the intellectural world of England. With the quiet and measured utterance which has made a deep impression upon English audiences, he talked of English society and its activities, confessing himself distinctly unable to formulate any general statement of the judgment he had formed of it. But from the mass of impressions he singled out one or two.

A DIFFERENT ATMOSPHERE.

First, he said, there was to the Indian a painful feeling of restlessness and lack of coherence in Western thought and activity. The atmosphere was wholly different from that of the East, and he attributed the difference to the absence among us of any central faith or unifying conception of life. We are without any dominant principle; we do not, it seemed to him, know what we are making for. And in this, he implied, the Western world is at a disadvantage as regards the realities of life, by comparison with the East.

But, he admitted, we have something positively to the good. The feature of English public life which he had noted with most interest and admiration was the widespread enthusiasm for social service. In this undoubtedly we had something which his own country had not—a readiness, even among people of no unusual character, position, or gifts, to work one way or another in co-operation for the common good.

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NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S LOSS.

Property to the value of dols. 5,000 is reported to have been taken from Mr. Roosevelt's house at Oyster Bay by George Parker, a negro butler, during the former President's absence in the West. The loss of the jewels was discovered two days after Parker had been dismissed from Mr. Roosevelt's service for incompetence.

EMIGRANT'S MISTAKE.

Mistaking the red and black funnels of the Isle of Man Steam Packet Company for those of the Cunard Line of the same colours, a woman and three men who had booked passages to New York in the Mauretania embarked at Liverpool on Saturday in King Orry, bound for Douglas. They were well out in the Channel before they realised their Mistake. Their excursion to Douglas meant delaying their journey to New York for a week.

FRENCH LOVE TRAGEDY.

A love tragedy is reported from Dole, in eastern France. A young workman, Leon Trousset, was engaged to a pretty girl of the country, but his parents were absolutely opposed to the wedding. The lovers, convinced that they could not live without one another, resolved on a desperate course. Binding themselves together with a rope, they threw themselves into the river Doubs, and their bodies were recovered from the flood. In death they had their arms round one another's necks.

A FATAL KISS.

A kiss led to the death of Arthur William King, aged fifty-seven, electrician, Cooks-road, Kennington, on whom the Southwark coroner held an inquest. Mrs. May King, a young widow of Exeter-street, Walworth, stated that her late husband's name was King, the same as that of the dead Arthur ... was no relation. She ... had known Arthur Will... King since last May, making his acquaintance through his son and daughter, and had been "walking out" with him. She understood he was a widower. On Monday night last week they went out together, and he took her back to her home shortly before midnight. They stood talking on the top doorstep, the witness having her back to the area. When King stepped forward to kiss her "good-night" they both fell over the coping into the area. He died from the effects of a fractured skull and laceration of the brain.

A BRIDE'S DISAPPEARANCE.

On the eve of her marriage, Miss Isabel Mitchell, an attractive girl of twenty-three, has disappeared in the most mysterious manner from her home in Belfast. Notwithstanding the most diligent search there is absolutely no clue to her whereabouts. The girl, who was a trained bookkeeper and assisted in the management of her brother's branch shops, left the home of her parents, on Wednesday, August 20, to open Old Lodgeroad branch of her brother's premises, according to custom. She was then in the happiest mood, and was apparently looking forward with the keenest pleasure to her approaching wedding. When her brother arrived half an hour later, the place was still closed, and none of the neighbouring shopkeepers had seen the girl. The girl's fiance is a young accountant in a large industrial concern, and the pair were devotedly attached to each other. The wedding trousseau had been purchased, the presents had arrived, the banns had been published in a North Belfast church, and the guests invited. Nothing was wanted the but lost bride.

MYSTERY OF THEFT.

Somewhere in London there is believed to be a wealthy curio collector with a passion for ancient mantelpieces and small conscience as to how he satisfies his desires. By no other theory can the recent mysterious disappearance of four valuable antique mantelpieces be solved. At the end of July a perfect example of Adam work, the property of the Hon. Ormsby Gore, was stolen from an unoccupied house in Mansfield-street, London W., and a week ago three Georgian mantelpieces disappeared from a house in Lincoln's Inn Fields, now in the course of conversion into offices. The police frankly confess themselves baffled in their efforts to arrive at a solution of the robberies. "A mantelpiece," said an officer, "is not a thing a thief can dispose of like a ring, and yet, unless a curio fanatic engineers the thefts himself, there must be a 'fence' who has a client waiting to snap up these things. There is little doubt that the robberies are the work of the same gang, and the audacity with which they were carried out—two or three men and a horse and van must have been employed on each occasion—disarmed the suspicion of any chance observer of the operations.

LOT'S WIFE OF TO-DAY.

"Remember Lot's wife" was the text on which Canon Newbolt in his sermon at St. Paul's Cathedral in mail week based a protest against some tendencies of modern life. Lot's wife is very human and very modern," he said. "There are hundreds of her type in London to-day, and she is interesting as an example of one who fell a victim to environment. There must to-day be many a pure, God-fearing woman who shrinks from herself in certain conditions of society from which she hardly believes it possible to absent herself even while she repudiates and dislikes them." What of her daughters? Was she one of those who gave good advice and cared little about a good example? Was she one of those who could spare no time from her pleasures to look after her own home—one of those mothers who hate children, and if they are 'cursed" with them, leave them to others' care or their own devices, or even trade on their matrimonial prospects? God, give us a hatred of sin. Send back the bad novel, stop the bad joke, refuse to go to places where men make mock of sin, call things by their right names and strip off the spangled cloak from the foul skeleton."

EFFECTS OF MUSIC AND COLOUR ON HENS.

A correspondent sends to us the following original note from "Musical Opinion":—

Orpheus with his lute
Made all the trees and woods to dance

but it has been left for a poultry farmer at Haslemere to add to these powers that of increasing the size and number of the eggs of his stock. For four years he has conducted experiments with a view of ascertaining the effects of music and colour in increasing the functions of the birds. He finds that no colours affect them so favourably as red and lemon, and accordingly the roosting places and all utensils therein are painted with those brilliant hues. The ingenious owner seems not, in the cause of eggs, to make himself a motley to the view and attires himself in a red and yellow costume when he attends to the needs of his charges. For music, he had a piano installed in a separate house hard by, whence proceed light opera selections at regular intervals throughout the day. The effect is astonishing, he says. The birds increase rapidly in size and vivacity, the number of eggs is doubled and he can rear prize birds with ease Darker colours he finds cause the birds to mope and with heavy serious music depression sets in.

LADIES' CORNER.

AUTUMN FASHIONS AT HOME.

With the arrival of September writes a London Lady correspondent it is no longer possible to ignore the approach of autumn. The seasons are changing and appropriately enough comes a change in fashion. There is no great revolution impending at present but there is a change and it is quite noticeable. The dressmakers have been busy enough re-arranging their models to carry them through the weeks which must elapse before Paris reveals what she is creating for the winter. It is not unnatural that these models should reflect fashions which have achieved success at Homburg, Deauville, or other notable resorts.

THE SASH OF THE ORIENT.

There are signs of the passing of the "pagne" or hip cloth. This is an Oriental idea, which was seized upon too eagerly by some; but it is unsuited to the modes of the West no matter how they may reflect in detail the notions of the Orient. More than it has proved unbecoming to almost every woman who adopted it, and that, surely, is the strongest argument forits speedy supression. The sash which is wound round the waist is much more charming and becoming. A sash is either tied carelessly at the side with ends falling low on the skirt and finished with heavy tassels or ornaments of embroidery, or it is tied in a great bow at the back of the waist when the ends are quite short, and the whole appearance recalls the quaint sash of the mousme. Once again, the belt is fastened in front with a bow which is either quite large and careless or very small and prim; but is either case it is given a little upward tilt which ensures a short-waised effect. But no matter how it be arranged, the ceinture always provides a contrast in colour or material to the rest of the dress. Again, there are models which display the idea of the ceinture most cunningly combined with that of the waist coat. A moire in some wonderful colour or a taffetas finely embroidered is carried down the front of the corsage to be crossed at the waist and continued below it in little pointed basques. It is also carried round the figure as if to provide a very wide ceinture But it is everywhere arranged quite carelessly so that no note of stiffness may spoil the grace or the dress, and a narrow ribbon velvet is tied over the brocade, holding it in at the line of the waist and falling in long ends to the hem of the skirt. Wonderful cleverness is displayed in the fashioning of such a detail as this. But having achieved success in this direction, many a dressmaker has developed the idea; and thus the little pointed basques are lengthened and made rather full until they provide a quaint little tunic. This tunic is often shaped with great irregularity, one side being longer than the other: and sometimes it is made double, the underpiece falling two or three inches below the upper

THE DRAPED SKIRT.

Dresses arranged in this manner are essentially modern. The originality and the note of careless ease which distinguish them are eminently characteristic of the modes of the hour. In this way they contrast curiously with the other dresses which display the flounced skirt or the skirt which arranged in two or three tiers; for these might well have been inspired by pictures of the early Victorian period. Even the fichus which adorn many a bodice recall the fashions of that time. Yet how different the effect of these details, combine as they now are with a large waist and a straight figure instead of with a small waist and a round figure as formerly. Still the flounced or the two or three tiered skirt constantly recurs at this time of transition; and whether designed with flounces or in tiers more fullness is generally arranged in front than at the back. In this way the shirt has the effect of being drawn round the figure to the front; and the effect is emphasized by the lines which always curve upwards from the sides to the front It is a curious idea and can only be explained by the restlessness which at the moment pervades all the fashions and is responsible for much that is inelegant and even bizarre. But, in spite of changes, the draped skirt is not yet abandoned.

THE CORSAGE.

Nor is there less variety in the corsage which appears on the new models. While in almost every instance it is cut open in front, the shape of the little decolletage is no longer limited to the V prevalent in the summer. It is arranged in any manner which happens to please the designer at the moment. The neck is finished with a fichu, with a turned-back collar of lace or chiffon frilled and shaped in its descent to the waist, or with just a tiny collar which stands erect at the back. This little upstanding collar may be of satin, of embroidered net, of lace, of cloth, or even of fur. It must to some extent harmonize with the material on which it appears; and it is sometimes repeated in the turned back cuffs on the sleeves. However, it must not be forgotten that a picturesque note constantly characterizes the sleeves of the early autumn dresses. In the sleeves, as in every other detail of dress at the moment a certain natural hesitation prevails in anticipating the great changes which the autumn will introduce.

PRECAUTIONS AT ROSYTH.

The "Glasgow Herald" states:—The construction of the naval base at Rosyth has resulted in extreme vigilance on the part of the authorities to prevent anything in the nature of espionage. The casual visitor to the works has to inscribe his name in copying ink, each page of signatures being transferred to a sheet, which is forwarded to Admiralty headquarters in London for inspection. Such a system is of course only a natural precaution at such a place. But vigilance is not confined to Rosyth. Recently, in response to an order from headquarters, a list of the names of all foreigners resident or temporarily settled in Fifeshire coast towns was prepared and forwarded to London. A number of such names have been returned as those of persons "suspected of being spies," and close observation is being made of their movements. It is stated that by special order of the postal authorities the police are informed of the arrival of letters bearing a foreign postmark.

"MAN OVERBOARD!": AN IMPRESSION.

This is how the Colombo daily paper described the incident: "H.M.S.—arrived here at 4 p.m. from Muscat after a rough passage. When about a day's run from the harbour a bluejacket was washed overboard by a heavy sea. Happily he was rescued, little the worse for his unpleasant experience."

And this is taken from the ship's log:

"8.1 a.m. Man overboard. Stopped and reversed engines. Lowered boat and picked up man. 8.7 a.m. Proceeded. Course and speed as before."

But this is how it is indelibly imprinted in my memory.

I was serving in one of His Majesty's sloops at the time, a brigantine-rigged steamship of about 1,000 tons, quaint relic of the sailing-ship era, and one of the few remaining vessels of the type. We were enroute to Ceylon from the PersianGulf, and only those who have had the misfortune to spend a whole summer in that pestilential climate can appreciate the feelings with which we viewed the prospect of a few weeks' comparative "otium cum dignitate" in Colombo's picturesque harbour. It was this prospect that had been our guiding star during the nine weary days we had spent in battling with a particularly unkind S. W. monsoon. Only 200 miles now separated us from the joys of civilisation; small wonder there were those of us who swore we could smell the curry being cooked at the Galle Face Hotel and exhorted the engineer to give her "just one more pound of steam,"

In readiness for entering the harbour, I had decided to turn out the boats which bad weather had compelled us to carry inboard during the passage south. We tackled the biggest of them first, a steamboat of about four tons weight; no light task for the thirty odd men whose duty it was to complete the job before withdrawing to a well-earned breakfast.

It was whilst we were going this that the accident happened, and a foul rope was the whole cause of the mischief. In order to clear it, I told a man to jump up on to the hammock nettings, which in these ships for a the bulwarks. He obeyed my order with alacrity, and swung himself lightly up; as he did so the ship gave a heavy lurch, he overs hot the mark, lost his balance, and fell head foremost into the racing sea. For one brief moment we seemed entirely unable to realise what had happened, and merely stared dully at one another. An instant after that dreaded thrilling cry. "Man Overboard!" echoed fore and aft the ship, bringing on deck as if by the waving of a magic wand, captain, officers, and every soul in the ship's company. In less time than it takes to write, our only available "lifeboat," a 27-foot fiveoared boat, was filled with a crowd of men struggling for pride of place. As befitting the second in command of the ship I clambered in and speedily reduced their number to the requisite five, with myself as coxswain; a moment later, in response to a few brief orders from the officer of the watch, we were being lowered almost to the water's edge, the while the whole ship quivered and shook with the vibration of the engines, now going full speed astern. For a few seconds we lay suspended above the seething, tumbling waters awaiting an opportune moment for release. It came on the top of a huge wave, which threatened to swamp our frail craft, but which, a moment later, was hurrying us away to the rescue on it crest as if anxious to atone for the sins of its predecessor, the cause of the accident. We left behind us a row of strained faces lining the ship's side and peering anxiously at the tiny speck which represented a human being fighting for life.

I think I must have appeared calm; but I know my brain was working furiously the whole time, and a sort of inner voice seemed to be saying to me, "Now this is all your fault; if you hadn't been so keen to get the boats turned out this wouldn't have happened. If he gets drowned or taken by a shark it will be all your fault; all your fault; all your fault." The man seemed to be almost keeping stroke to the words. Yet all the time I heard my normal voice saying "Give way, men; with a will now. All together; he's quite all right." And how I prayed that these last words might prove true.

I could see nothing of the men owing to the high sea that was running, and I had to content myself with following the ship's wake, with an occasional glance backward to the pointing arm of a signalman perched insecurely in the ship's mizzen rigging, his form sharply silhouetted against the grey, lowering clouds.

Of my crew, the two bow oars were youngsters, and this was doubtless their first experience of rescue work. (I trust it may not be their last; it is good training.) They were pulling with a tense, set expression on their faces, and with the fear of death, or being brought face to face with it, almost written in their eyes. The man next astern of them was an Irishman, and, like many of his race, excitable. His every stroke was punctuated with "Pull ye divvies; pull like h—— I," alternating with strong seafarers' oaths as a more than usually angry sea curled inboard and sent a gallon or two of water down his back. Of the two remaining, one was a stoker who had just come off duty from the engine-room, his face so unrecognisable beneath the grime and filth of the stokehold that even to this day his identity is unknown to me; the other was a first-class petty officer; he had done this sort of thing before, and knew all too well that the man who falls overboard in the Indian Ocean has to face the possibility of other deaths than by drowning. Yet, if one excepts a few beads of perspiration on his forehead, his face betrayed no emotion whatever.

And all the time kept running through my brain, "All your fault; all your fault."

After what seemed an eternity of pulling in a boat that appeared to be making no headway whatever (though in actual fact she must have been simply flying through the water,) I heard a feeble voice away to starboard. Raising myself with the utmost caution to a standing position, I at length descried the object of our search, and thank God, he had managed to secure a lifebuoy. "Twenty more strokes, men," I yelled; then "Fifteen, ten, five. Lay on your oars; well pulled all." The bowman laid his oar inboard, leaned over the side of the boat, and hauled in the exhausted, bedraggled form safe and sound.

The first remark of the rescued man is worthy of note.

"Ere; I've left my blasted cap behind," he said.

I promised him a new one. I felt it was the least I could do.—S. C. D.—In the "Westminster Gazette."

Miss Anne Harrison Kelly, of Eller Holme, Ambleside, died there at the age of ninety-two. She was one of the last of the local residents who remembered Wordsworth. She could recall a visit paid by the poet to her family when her family resided in Newcastle.

CHINA AND TIBET.

MR. IVAN CHEN THE DELEGATE TO INDIA.

Reuter's correspondent in Pekin, writes on Aug. 29:—Mr. Ivan Chen, who has been appointed special plenipotentiary to the Simla conference regarding the status of Tibet, will leave Pekin on Sept. 1. He is considered well qualified for his task, having been charge d'affaires in London, and is well known to the British authorities. He is also much respected in China. Mr. Archibald Rose, of the British Consular Service in China, accompanies Mr. Ivan Chen as a representative of the Foreign Office. The Chinese Government expresses the hope that the mission will succeed in effecting a friendly arrangement, and further, if that should be the case, that the same Conference will come to an agreement regarding the Pienma and Yunnan frontier, which for a distance of 220 miles from Pienma to the Tibetan border is still undelimited, being at present a fruitful source of misunderstanding between the two countries.

A message dated Sept 1:—Ivan Chen, the Chinese plenipotentiary appointed to attend the conference on Tibet, left for India to-day. The conference is expected to open in the first week of October. It is understood that Ivan Chen is authorised to conclude an agreement which shall comply with the requirements stated in the British Note of August 1912. Naturally China would now gladly accept any arrangement by which, through the good offices of Great Britain her ancient position in Tibet would be restored. But in the meantime Tibet has successfully asserted herself and has justified in the field her claim to complete independence. Thus the prospect that Tibet will voluntarily agree to the restoration of China's suzerainty is remote. So far as Great Britain is concerned, we have done China a service in arranging the conference, but we have stipulated that the Tibetan and the Chinese representatives shall meet on equal terms, and we are not likely to be guilty of tyrannically pressing upon Tibet, the acceptance of any relationship with China, that the Tibetans do not desire. Regret will be widespread among the British throughout the East, if the forthcoming conference closes without arranging for the establishment of a British Agency at Lhasa. Spiritually Mongolia and Tibet are firmly bound together, and Great Britain cannot afford to ignore that any influence potent with the one is liable to be reflected in the other. Russia, in view of her recent appointment of a diplomatic agent at Urga, would probably, welcome a corresponding British step in Tibet.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Times" telegraphed on Aug. 31:—The "Vossische Zeitung" says, with reference to the Baghdad Railway negotiations, that the initiative was taken from the German side. "Certain financial inconveniences of a technical kind" caused a member of the financial conference in Paris, who is a director of the Deutsche Bank, to propose an exchange of views of an unbinding character. The Ottoman Bank agreed, and negotiations between the two banks began which were temporarily concluded some weeks ago. The German object was to secure exclusive financial control of the German section of the railway and to get the French share in return for other concessions. The Government was not officially concerned in the affair, but unofficially the Deutsche Bank has remained continuously in touch with the Foreign Office. The bank has secured the consent of the Turkish authorities for the solution which it desires. Neither Herr von Gwinner nor Dr. Helfferich is at present in Paris. Dr. Helfferich is on holiday and Herr von Gwinner is at Frankfurt-on-Main.

FOREIGN CABLES.

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Australia.	**China.**	**Africa**
Via Penang Perfect. Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect. Via Amoor Perfect. Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 2 rd September.

NOTICES.

Prohibition of Cipher or code language applies only to private messages destined for or transiting Bulgaria, except those telegrams exchanged between diplomatic legations (27 7-13).

Greek telegraph offices are opened for international traffic at Seres, Drama, Cavalla, Demirhissar, Neverokop, Petrtision, Derani in Macedonia. Traffic passes via Syra, Salonika. Rates are same as for European countries Telegrams should be accepted at sender's risk (5-8-13).

Albanian office opened at Scutari. Rates same as for Turkey in Europe (5-8-13).

Turkish offices opened at Adrianople, Kirk-Killisse, Babaeski and Rodosto at rates applicable to Turkey in Europe (7-8-13).

Until further notice telegrams for Turkey can be accepted if written in plain language English, French, Turkish or German only (5-8-13).

Censorship is exercised on all plain telegrams for Venezuela without exception (11-8-13).

Owing to interruption of Yangtse lines telegrams for China coast or countries beyond should not be accepted via Bhamo route until further orders (9-8-13)

Greek administration notify that correspondence with Caio, Temelos, Lemnos, Salonika, Florina, Kozana, Volona, Servia, Elassona has been opened via Eastern. (19-12-12)

Bulgarian administrations notify opening to international service Sellingrad (Mustapha Pasha), Gorna Dhoumaï Bala, Lowgadi, Kirk Kilisse, Seres, Demirhissar, Dedeagbadj and Neverokop. Charges for above-mentioned places same as for Europe (12-12-12).

From 1st September deferred foreign telegrams at half rates may be accepted via eastern or Indo for Chili and Peru except wireless offices of Iquique (29-8-13).

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BRIEF AND PITHY.

EGGS—ANTIQUE.

It is not to be expected that a shop in a country town shall classify its merchandise after the fashion of a big department store (writes a correspondent in the "Manchester Guardian"), but it is possible to be too heterogeneous. The window of a shop in a Manchester suburb displays grandfather clocks and old furniture with a sign "All genuine antiques." In the centre is a basket full of eggs for sale.

ALIENATING A FRIEND.

The use of the term "friends" for customers or clients is pleasing, and sanctioned by ancient usage. But in these days of typewriters the term requires careful handling, and one Liverpool firm (says the "Liverpool Daily Post") is mourning to-day the loss of a "friend" owing to the slightest of slips.

There was a small claim outstanding between the two firms, and a letter was dictated which should have been final without being objectionable. Unfortunately, the letter, when typed, was read and signed hurriedly, and the recipients regarded as highly offensive the last clause, which ran as follows:— [illegible].

In conclusion, we may say that we very much regret that you have not seen your way to accept our offer, which, under the circumstances, we feel was fair, and even generous, and, indeed, would not have been made at all had you not been such old fiends.

ALTERNATIVES.

Alluding to the multifarious duties expected of the parish clergyman, the Rector of Stanmore writes to the "Times" to say that by one morning's post he received a catalogue, addressed to the "Secretary of the Football Club, or the Vicar."

IN THE FOOTMAN'S ARMS.

At one of the best known of London houses (says the "Manchester Guardian") a footman suddenly became ill just before a large luncheon party, and the major-dome in the emergency rang up a registry office which he considered could be trusted. They promised "to do what they could." "What they could" soon appeared. He was six feet high and vouched for his own powers of waiting. He was at once hustled into a very gorgeous livery of the house and his hair powdered.

Nothing regrettable happened till the end of the repast, when he was told to hand coffee to the most prominent of the guests—a lady of very high quality. Instead, however, of presenting the coffee tray in the usual way, the temporary footman lifted it over the guest's head and held it in front of her so that the astonished grandee found herself encircled from behind by the arms of the footman.

For the first time in her life the hostess broke the unwritten law of ignoring untoward incidents. "Take that tray away and go out of the room," she cried. The lady in the footman's arms was then released, and the affair concluded.

SHADES OF SULLIVAN!

I sat so near the two ladies in the pit (says a "Glasgow News" correspondent) that I could not help overhearing their conversation, from which I gathered that it was their first visit to "The Pirates." This interested me, for I had thought that every grown up Glaswegian had heard all the Savoy operas over and over again; but I heard one of them say she had been rather disappointed with "The Gondoliers," in which there was not a single waltz! Waltz, forsooth! Did she think it belonged to the "Merry Widow" school?

THE SCEPTIC AND THE AUCTIONEER.

The auctioneer of linoleum (says the "Manchester Guardian") held up a gorgeously-coloured roll. "Ladies and gentlemen," he said with conviction, "I give you my personal guarntee that this linoleum will wear twenty years. I am a man of honour. You may rely on my word."

"Will you be here next Saturday to change it if it's gone by then?" said a sceptic at the back.

The angry auctioneer declared that he was only addressing the gentlemen in the audience.

TUG-OF-WAR.

Sailor-Man: "Yes, Miss, them big ones you see are the fightin' ships—men-o'-war we call them."

Young Lady: "Oh, yes. I've heard of them. And what's that little one that's going about among them?"

Sailor-Man: "Oh, that's a tug."

Young Lady: "Why, I've heard of that one, too. It's a tug-of-war, isn't it?"—"Shipping World."

NOT EMPTY HANDED.

William F. M'Combs at a recent banquet told of a conversation in a club in which several philanthropic personages were mentioned and lauded to the skies. The conversation had gone to some length. Mr. M'Combs said when a man who was sitting in a corner arose with a merry smile flitting over his features an broke into the gabfest. "Your philanthropists are all right," he remarked, "but I think it is only just that my next-door neighbour should be included in the kindly disposed bunch"

"We are willing to add him to the list" responded one of the others. "but is he really so generously inclined?" "Well, I should say that he is," was the emphatic declaration of the first. "Dozens of tramps hammer at his back door and I have never known him to send one away empty handed." "You don't mean it?" returned the second a trifle incredulously. "That's right," rejoined the first; "he always gives them a letter of introduction to me."

£5,000 BURNS LETTERS.

ACTION TO PREVENT AMERICAN PURCHASE.

The manuscript poems and letters of Burns, which have been sold by the Liverpool Athenæum to America for £5,000 (£25,000), are the subject of an action which has been raised in Dumfries Sheriff Courts by Miss Annie Burns, of 7, [Pittsville-lawn, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, the only surviving grand-daughter of the poet. She asks to have herself as next of kin declared executrix of certain personal estate belonging to Burns of which probate had never been granted.

The object of the action is to prevent the American purchase, against which there have been many protests.

THE TWO SERVICES.

NEW AUSTRALIAN REGIME.

An important aspect of the new naval regime in Australasian waters, and one which up to now has been kept in the background, is the economy which will result from the defence being transferred from the Imperial Government to the Commonwealth authorities. The Accountant-General of the Navy, in a paper which he has prepared, estimates that the Imperial Exchequer will be relieved to the extent approximately of £365,000 per annum—a saving that is of £1,000 per day—by the withdrawal of the Imperial ships from Australia, and the handing over of the naval establishments to the Commonwealth Government. The Accountant-General's estimate is based partly upon the saving which will be effected by the ships and personnel withdrawn from Australasian water being available for disposal in various ways which would otherwise have involved fresh outlays. Viewed from the standpoint of economy, the British Exchequer will gain substantially by the change, and at the same time the Admiralty will obtain a small measure of relief in obtaining the services of the remnant of well-seasoned officers and men who will shortly quit the Australian station.

THE PARTING OF THE WAYS.

The "turn over" of the naval command will take place immediately on the arrival of the battle-cruiser Australia at Sydney, when Admiral Sir George King-Hall will relinquish his appointment in favour of Rear-Admiral Sir George Patey, the first Commander-in-Chief of the Royal Australian Navy. The unusual spectacle will then be presented of the flag of a senior naval officer being flown in a third-class cruiser—the Cambrian—which has practically reached the limit of her effective life, and that of a junior flag officer in a 19,000-ton new battle cruiser. Naval history records no greater contrast in flagship changes than that which will shortly be witnessed in Sydney Harbour, when salutes are exchanged between the outgoing and incoming admirals from ships which, in dimensions and fighting value, are the very antithesis of the rank of their respective flag officers.

ACCOMMODATION FOR AIRCRAFT.

It appears that the Admiralty are making the valley of the Medway the temporary, if not the permanent, headquarters of the aerial branch of the Navy. Considerable accommodation, well back from hostile gunure, for aircraft of both the heavy and light description is reported as being provided in the Medway district to Admiralty order. Under present political conditions, few persons will be found to quarrel with this selection of a naval headquarter site, since it is close to that part of the coast which will need the closest watching when our relations with certain Continental nations are at all strained. Whatever else happened at the naval manœuvres this year, it seems fairly clear that the great utility of aerial scouts for naval purposes has been placed beyond all doubt; as the aerial experts have always contended it would be at the first practical test. Thus, the Navy has arrived at the same conclusion as the Army; and the first fruits of this confirmation of a well-founded anticipation will, we hope, be immediate action to further strengthen our aerial look out posts along that part of British coasts exposed to the earliest attack by conceivable enemies. The naval authorities have apparently made up their minds to develop their own wing of the Royal Flying Corps in their own way, by working with the Army wing in close co-operation only to the extent of exchanging ideas and witnessing experiments, etc., as is at present done in the field of gunnery, etc. This decision is a wise one, for it will set up a healthy rivalry between the two services, and give them greater freedom to develop along lines suitable to their respective spheres of national defence.

OFFICERS INCOME TAX.

The House of Commons on the 11th ult. passed an amendment to the new Finance Bill, under which all persons drawing Government pay are to be allowed to deduct a sum, fixed by the Treasury, from their income, in respect of the amount on which Income Tax is payable. This sum is to represent the amount of the expense incurred in earning the Government pay. In the case of an officer, it comes to a considerable proportion of his pay, including such items as uniform, entertainment, soldier servant, and for a married officer, transference of his household on change of station.

STAFF COLLEGE GRADUATES IN INDIA.

The Indian correspondent of a service paper, writes:—On looking at the July "Indian Army List" it is to be seen that there are no less than forty-six officers with Staff College certificates who are not holding staff appointments, while several officers without the certificate have recently been given staff appointments. This is bound to be a grievance, and, further, a discouragement to officers who are now contemplating the hard work necessary to pass into either of the Staff Colleges.

BRITISH OFFICERS AND THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE.

The languages, Russian, Chinese, and Japanese, for the study of which by officers of the Army special concessions are made, are all very difficult to learn. Of Russian, Prince Bismarck said it was mental gymnastics to a grown up man. Before presenting himself for examination in Russian, an officer has now to pass only one year in the country, but before sanction is given to his going to Russia he is required to pass an examination to show that he has studied the language. The question is whether a year is enough to spend in the country to become an efficient linguist. That officers can learn sufficient in that time to pass the official test as an interpreter we know, and we can conclude that the man who passes that examination is able to converse freely in the language on ordinary subjects so as to understand and be understood by an educated Russian and to translate from and into the language. In the event of our being engaged in war as an ally of Russia, or as an enemy, there would be a sufficiency to officers acquainted with the language of make intercourse easy and to be sure of mistakes not arising from misunderstanding of the language. If, however, it is desired that on occasion a man should be able to pass as a Russian in contact with Russians, the one year is not enough. There ought to be in the Army a certain number of men who are so good at foreign languages that they would be able to pass undetected as natives of foreign countries, and so it seems desirable that the best of those who pass as interpreters of Russian should be encouraged to spend more time in that country, with a view to their reaching the pitch of perfection in the language that is indicated as desirable.

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Miss Sybil Keymer, "Riversmere," Albany Rd., Leighton Buzzard, Eng., writes: "I think I should inform you that I have recently derived very great benefit from the use of Phosferine. In the course of my profession I have to travel a good deal in getting to my various concerts, and I find that since using Phosferine I am never troubled with the headaches and listlessness which follow a long railway journey, particularly during hot weather. This is of very great importance to me, as frequently only a very little time elapses between reaching my destination and the commencement of a concert, and it is such a relief to feel fresh and ready for playing in public undisturbed by the fatigues of long travelling. It is because I feel that Phosferine enables me to do myself justice as a violinist, preventing any of the unsteadiness of the muscle nerves, which is so harmful to tone and quality, that I confidently commend the tonic at every opportunity."—July 11, 1912.

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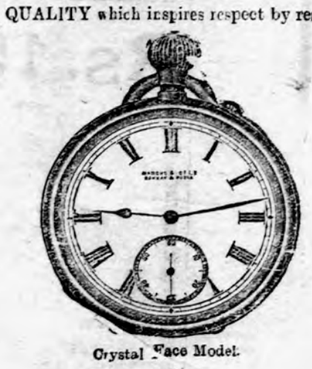

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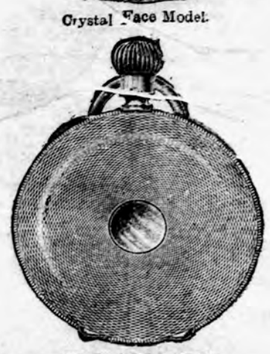

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